THE IREDELL EXPRESS,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
E. B. DRAKE, BY W. P. DRAKE.
EUGENE B. DRAKE & SON,
Editors and Proprietors.
TERMS OF THE PAPER,
$2 a Year, in Advance.

THE IREDELL EXPRESS.

A Family Newspaper---Devoted to Politics, Agriculture, Manufactures, Commerce, and Miscellaneous Reading.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar a square for the first week, and Twenty-five Cents for every week thereafter. Sixteen lines or less will make a square. Deductions made in favor of standing matter as follows:

	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
One square,	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00
Two squares,	5.00	8.00	12.00
Three squares,	10.00	15.00	20.00

When directions are not given how often to insert an Advertisement, it will be published until ordered out.

BUSINESS CARDS.

HAS taken Rooms in the Simonton House where, he will be pleased to wait on all who desire his Services. mr16:15tf

DR. H. KELLY
Offers his professional services to the public. Office on College Avenue, opposite the Methodist Church, Statesville, N. C.

DR. T. J. WITHERSPOON.
HAVING located myself at the late residence of JOHN CLARK, near Sherrell's Ford, and about ten miles Southwest of Statesville, I offer my *Professional Services* to the surrounding public.
T. J. WITHERSPOON, M. D.
Jan 27 60 8:1y

HAYNE DAVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
STATESVILLE, N. C.,
Will promptly and diligently attend to all business entrusted to his care.
Office opposite the Jail. Oct. 22, '58.

WM. C. LORD,
Attorney at Law,
Salisbury, N. C.
WILL Practice and make prompt collections in Rowan, Stanly, Iredell and Catawba Counties. Office in the corner of Cowan's Building opposite the Book Store.
June 22, '60. 29:tf

W. H. WYATT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
Drugs, Medicines,
Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Brushes, Window Glass, Varnish, &c., &c., &c.,
SALISBURY, N. C.
Jan. 1, 1859—5-1y

JAS. W. DRAKE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 13 St. Louis Street,
MOBILE, ALA.
Jan. 21, 1859.—7-tf

Mrs. J. A. Vannoy,
FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER,
Statesville, N. C.
Receives monthly the French, English and American Fashions. 33:'60:1y

J. SHELLY,
MANUFACTURER OF
LADIES' FINE SHOES,
BOOTS & GAITERS,
THOMASVILLE, N. C.
Which he sells at Wholesale
Orders for Shoes by the quantity promptly attended to. mr16'60:15:1y

F. SCARR,
Druggist & Apothecary
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, OILS,
WINDOW GLASS, &C.,
AT WHOLESALE.
See advertisement in another place.
August 10, 1860. 1y

HENDERSON & ENNISS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRUGS
MEDICINES,
And Chemicals,
Paints, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, &c.,
Linseed, Lamp, and Machinery Oil, Kerosene Oil and Burning Fluid, Lamps of every description, Perfumery and Toilet Articles,
GARDEN SEEDS,
CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS,
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS, for Medicinal Purposes,
FINE SEGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c.,
SALISBURY, N. C.
7-1y

CARRIAGE MAKING.
J. W. WOODWARD
IS still at his Old Stand, on Broad street, a few doors East of the Public Square, where he is prepared
To Do All Kinds of Work
formerly done at the Establishment.
All Repairing done on short notice, and in a workmanlike manner. Interest charged on Accounts after 1st January.
Feb. 27. 13-tf

FIRE INSURANCE.
The Subscriber having been appointed Agent of the
CHARLOTTE
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Charlotte,
Will receive and forward Applications for **Insurance against Loss and Damage by Fire,** on the principles of the Company.
The Company is doing a prosperous business. No call has ever yet been made for an instalment on a premium note.
E. B. DRAKE,
11-tf Agent.

TO THE PUBLIC.---I take this method of informing all requiring Literary aid, that I will be pleased to revise MSS. and prepare it for publication, and will write Essays, Tales, Sketches, Lines for Albums, Obituaries, poems on every subject, and Letters. The utmost secrecy maintained. Address
WILLIE WARE,
Aug. 31, 1860. 39:tf. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Poetry.

For the "Iredell Express."

Moonlight Musings.

BY WILLIE WARE.

The moonlight quivers on the frowning hill,
On the kingly river and the humble rill,
On the tall and ever-waving forest trees
On the tiny shrub bowing meekly in the breeze.
It shines on palace, cottage, hut, and hall,
It sheds its beams of love alike on all.
It brightly kisses every dancing wave,
And pours its baptism on the silent grave!

The moonlight hour for me has many charms;
'Tis then I rest from this world's cold alarms!
'Tis then I love to silent sit, and muse;
'Tis then the bonds of earth I fain would loose!
'Tis then I strive to pierce the midnight gloom,
And look into the land beyond the tomb!
'Tis then I love to watch the pale moonbeam
Gild the clear surface of the rippling stream!

There is much that is beautiful in this fair world of ours!
The lofty hills, the dales, the fragrant flowers!
The gorgeous sunsets flashed from autumn skies,
The briny stars with gentle angel eyes—
The wide-spread ocean rocked to fickle sleep—
A thousand treasures hid in Nature's keep!
But oh, I love the moonlight our blessed Father gave—
To shine, a glimpse of Heaven's joy, upon the lowly grave!

For the Iredell Express.

To Henry L. Abbey.

With feelings of sincere regard these lines are dedicated.

BY WILLIE WARE.

Dear friend, to-night I wake my lyre,
In softest tones for thee,
In admiration, fain I'd bow
And humbly bend my knee.
Oft, oft— in rapture have I bent
O'er written gems of thine,
And every word from thy pure heart
Is echoed back in mine.

Would that the mystic power were mine
To wake a lay for thee,
Full of beauty, full of thought,
Soft and gentle melody.
But, alas, the brilliant thoughts
That fill this brain of mine,
Refuse to flow from my weak pen,—
That magic power *is thine.*

BROOKLYN, N. Y., 1860.

Social Circle.

To the "Social Circle."

DEAR CIRCLE:—Circumstances require that we should again make our appearance among you. But chide us not on account of our frequency. Though our visits may not be the most congenial, nor welcomed by the many, yet having the best intentions in view, we shall not become disheartened in the least, but let a *consciousness of good* be our most excellent reward. And now while the dim twilight shadows are creeping slowly over the earth and all is still and quiet, may I take my accustomed seat and rest and chat with you awhile? As the weary traveler, after roaming over the sandy desert all day, at eve seeks to find a fount of pure water to quench his burning thirst, so the heart in its moments of solitude seeks, in pleasant retrospection or sweet anticipation, to solace itself for the absence of those whose social interchange of thought could dispel the gloom which the sombre-hue twilight is apt to impose upon us.—Soon.

"Silently one by one, in the infinite meadows of heaven, will blossom the lovely stars, the forget-me-nots of the angels." And the pale moon will look sadly down upon the wickedness in this bright, beautiful world.—And, perchance, lend her beams to the love-sick youth who goes forth for the first time to pour into the *willing ear* of his fair one the story of his love! The wind is sighing gently through the trees, and the bright green leaves, as though they were keeping time to its low whisperings, are dancing to and fro. The sweet flowers all bathed with the twilight dew, seem to be saying their evening prayers ere they fold their tiny heads to rest. At such an hour as this, how often do we long for some fond heart to mingle its thoughts with our own!

Speaking of love and friendship—how frequently is friendship mistaken for love, or acted upon as if it were the same sentiment, by being made to form the basis of a life-long union. A sad error, truly, men and women thus uniting destinies. Planning and executing marriage like any other business of common daily life, how painfully frequent. As if it were anything they had to do with except patiently wait for Providence to point the way to! Alas, for such unfortunates, if they should afterwards find chords in the heart which another hand than that of the chosen life-companion can better wake or still!

Now, between love and friendship the comparison is very wide. In intensity, it is like that of a candle to the burning fires of Vesuvius. And the comparison ends not here, but extends, as well, to the constancy as the fervor of the two sentiments. Pardon the presumption, dear circle and readers, if we differ from the many wise ones who have called friendship the more enduring flame.—We cannot believe that this theory was founded otherwise than by mere observation. Experience must contradict it. We know that the gentle offices of friendship are like the light of the candle, perceptible to all. Unless, indeed, some blast of misfortune's gale destroys them altogether, even as a passing breeze extinguishes the taper.

But shall we believe in the existence of nothing hidden from our eyes? Because we at times gaze on the volcano and perceive not the fire and lava pouring from its crater, do we disbelieve that there are concealed within its bosom the elements of a grand and mighty eruption? Do we not know that these hidden fires are only silently preparing themselves to issue forth and startle the neighboring country with a terrific outburst?

So, in the deep recesses of many a human breast, outwardly calm, are feelings whose demonstration it is not always for the careless eye to gaze upon. Could we lift the veil from many a heart, we should no longer consider the love that there seeks concealment less constant than the openness of friendship or the unspoken language of the heart less strong than the words which friendship prompts.

Is it not unwise and unsafe for so many to be walking life's path together, clasping wedded hands, trusting to the wavering, uncertain light of friendship, its dim taper never permitting them to know and understand perfectly each other? Do they not need a light friendship never gives, a power to read each other's soul, a perfect sympathy?

Then enter not upon the matrimonial pathway by the simple light of friendship. Be not impatient. A brighter, stronger one shall burn to guide you. With my favorite poet, Longfellow—a better than whom 'never strung pearls',—I believe

"No one is so accursed by fate,
No one so utterly desolate,
But some heart, though unknown,
Responds unto his own.

Responds—as if with unseen wings,
An angel touched its quivering strings;
And whispers in its song,
'Where hast thou stayed so long?'"

Yes there is within your breast a spark which some hand can kindle, some breath fan into such a flame that no earthly power can never extinguish it: by the light of which your way in life shall be illuminated with a constant brightness, your soul shall be warmed till the ice of selfishness is all melted away, and in the happiness of a dearer self, you find that refined, elevated joy and purest earthly happiness, which a true union of souls is designed to produce.

Willie Ware, we welcome you into our Social Circle and invite you to be seated. We would give you a seat beside ourself, but the one is occupied and the other is—*promised.*—But you will doubtless find some fair young damsel, who will gladly give you a seat.—And, Willie dear, we shall always be happy to hear from you and to read the rich productions of your fertile brain and graceful pen.

To Angus, I can only say that I am very much obliged to him for casting my horologue. But what he means by "being posted in the usual way," I cannot imagine. Will he please explain? I confess his question rather stumps me, I own up. May be some of the lady members of the Circle can explain why "marrying a wife" prevented the gentleman in question from attending the feast.—It always was a stumbling block to St. Ledger. Probably if I were a married man and had tasted the "sweets of conjugal bliss," I would be able to give Angus a satisfactory solution. But if the Rev. Mr. Gurthrie did not or could not explain it, I hope it will not be expected of me to do so. Much obliged to you for your good advice and will try to follow it.

I am very, very sorry Mary L. could not give me a kindly greeting. The length of your letter was but a poor excuse. *I* would not care how long a letter was I would give *you* a word of cheer, and if Mr. Editor didn't like it, I would not care a fig! I'd have my say to you anyhow. I am very much in hopes you will attend Synod at Statesville, as I expect to be there and should be more than delighted to meet you.

To the lone Exile I send my kind sympathy and best wishes, hoping that we may hear from him soon and often.

And to you my dear friend, 'Minnichaha', I 'greet with a kiss,' sincerely hoping you will soon fulfill the promise made on that pleasant Sabbath evening when last I gazed upon thy beautiful face and said Farewell. And, Minnie dear, you must take care of the thousand and one thoughts that are wafted to your mountain home, even if they are not all intended for you, alone: "Hilda," I know would be obliged and so would I. But I very much fear me, that "Hilda" has forgotten her promise to St. Ledger, or if she has not, she is very slow in fulfilling it. Where art thou staying *so long*, oh! most beautiful one? And wherefore is not thy voice heard in the pleasant Social Circle? If you tarry much longer I shall believe that you are like the majority of your sisters and only make promises to break them; and this I would not readily believe of *you*.

To any and all who may have any inclinations to enter "Our Social Circle" we cordially invite to join us. With best wishes for each and all, I remain Yours Ever.

ST. LEDGER.

THE PINES, Sept. 17, 1860.

To the "Social Circle."

As one's moods generally reflect their surroundings, we will doubtless have the "spice of life," in our communications. We have been admirably entertained by the respective members of the "Circle," tho' their contributions, are like angel visits, "few and far between." It is a literary luxury, to be still, and hear the words of impassioned feeling, freighted with the aroma of genius, fall from your lips. "Letters" we have read, from "The Oaks," with an intensity of pleasure:—to some, it is given to discern the soul of all things, and read the mystic language that gleams dimly on the page of life, and nature, which are imperceptible to less etherealized and gifted senses.

"The Pines," too, are full of prophecies and inspiration, their 'everlasting psalm,' comes over the soul like an old familiar strain, and in an ineffable, winsome way, lure us higher. We admire originality too, one who dares to select his own way, in this stereotyped age, deserves a meed of praise undue to most men. And it is to be regretted that so many of our fellow mortals, imbued with aspirations for something nobler, and have within, a solemn, high-enthroned assurance, that theirs might be a destiny above mediocrity, yet allow themselves to be trammelled by circumstances and event, which are incompatible with the dignity of our natures to be much influenced. I mean established customs, &c.

Of "Pilgrim," and his journeyings, we hope to hear oft'ner, a grand soul speaks through his writings, and a sublime privilege "to labor to benefit the great brotherhood of man." Flowers when once strewn along our life's pathway, cause us instinctively to cry, *encore! encore!!* And shall we not more frequently hear from that far gorgeous land of "the Magnolias," of fragrant winds, and orange blooms, and deep myrtle shades, where ambrosial vines hang their amethystine clusters, a shield from a tropical sun.

Some member of the "Social Circle" will, we hope, commence a "war of words" with Angus; tho' if some of his propositions were adopted, doubtless the condition of the "Circle" would be ameliorated, while the interest in our contributions would be, decidedly, much enhanced.

We do not quite endorse Angus' idea of Friendship, we deem it no "myth." What is it?

A theme full worthy, angels lyre,—
The silv'ry chain that nations bind,
While gods, approving, blandly smile,
At chords, so pure, and so refined.—
Electric curr'nt, vibrating hearts,
Giving the pulse a warmer beat,
Flashing a language, from the eye,
When genial hearts, their glances meet.

A rainbow, arching, o'er life's way,—
A beacon's gleam, in starless night—
A halo, circling o'er our brow,
When Hope's fair visions take their flight.
'Tis music trembling o'er our souls,
When "farewells" crush their cordant tone,
Responsive echo, while we roam,
And mourn'fly breathe, all, all alone.

We presume the "Social Circle" will regard the bard, Willie Ware, an acquisition, and cordially welcome him to their number. We hope to hear from him often.

The clock striking a late hour reminds me it is time to say, Bon Soir.

LINNETTE.

Asheville, Sept. 8, 1860.

P. S.—Since writing the above, the *Express* came to hand, in which we observe communications from Mary L. and Angus. We cannot close without a remark with regard to Angus' contribution. Whilst we are pleased with some of his sentiments, so elegantly couched in all the beauty of erudite language, yet we regret to observe that a mind so efficient in most respects, commends a resort to obdurate philosophy, as an effective antidote, or at least, as a source of quieting mind in hours of trial and darkness. Are there not behests too, that demand our obedience and obeisance, bringing into insignificance and subordination, even "the dictates of our higher and better natures"; I mean those of the "inspired writings." An individual may be eminently moral and have a prominent idea of what constitutes pure principles, yet it is not pervasive and efficient. The loftiest impulse of which unregenerated nature is capable, is fallible. Social influences, and especially that which results from recorded thought, is replete with issues of no small magnitude. Words are not mere airy phantoms, ideals, evanescent as a dream. They may exist while empires fall and nations pass away, and cause the earth to bloom in Eden loveliness or wither by their touch. Life was given us for a noble purpose, we are informed by an intuitive perception, which Deity imparts; what is right for us to do, and no effort is too great, no ambition to aspiring, in an action, which is right for us to gift with the appropriation of time and talent, and to make the goal of labor and energy. The gifted intellect, whose duty and prerogative it is, to impart to others something of the grandeur that pervades his (our) capacious soul, should guard well his utterance, for the slightest aberration from correct principles, the frivolous use of terms, which have been appropriated for serious purposes, may warp the mind of an individual ruinously.

As marvellous things have been realized by the victims of others thought and utterance, as the genius of Greek Tragedy associated with the Sphinx of Œdipus. It is duty to assert truth, and with the magnanimity and heroism of true genius maintain it.

My postscript has gone far into extreme length, yet we hope our friends of the 'S. C.' will pardon any deviation from established codes. LINNETTE.

The Hammer.

The hammer is the universal emblem of mechanics. With it are aliked forged the sword of contention, and the ploughshare of peaceful agriculture, the press of the free, and the shackle of the slave. The eloquence of the forum has moved the armies of Greece and Rome to a thousand battle fields, but the eloquence of the hammer has covered those fields with victory or defeat. The inspiration of song has kindled up high hopes and noble aspirations in the bosom of brave knights and gentle dames, but the inspiration of the hammer has strown the field with tattered helm and shield, decided not only the fate of chivalric combat, but the fate of thrones, crowns and Kingdoms. The forging of thunder bolts was ascribed by the Greeks as the highest act of Jove's omnipotence, and their mythology beautifully ascribes to one of their gods the task of presiding at the labors of the forge. In ancient warfare, the hammer was a powerful weapon, independent of the blade which it formed.—Many a stout scull was broken through the cap by a blow of Vulcan's weapon. The armies of the Crescent would have subdued Europe to the sway of Mohammed, but on the plains of France their progress was arrested, and the brave one simple warrior who saved Christendom from the sway of the Mussulman was named—'the hammer.' How simple, how appropriate, how grand—'the hammer.' The hammer is the savior and bulwark of Christendom. The hammer is the wealth of nation. By it are forged the ponderous engine and the tiny needle. It is an instrument of the savage and the civilized. Its merry clink points out the abode of industry—it is a domestic ditty, presiding over the grandeur of the most wealthy ambitious, as well as the humble and impoverished. Not a stick is shaped, floats, or carriage rolls, a wheel spins, an engine moves, a press speaks, a viol sings, a spade delves, or a flag waves without a hammer. Without the hammer civilization would be unknown, and the human species only as defenceless brutes, but in skillful hands, directed by wisdom, it is an instrument of power, of greatness; and true glory.

Miscellaneous.

A Woman's Bravery.

The times shortly anterior to the revolutionary struggle, have given to history as bright instances of heroism as have shone upon our favored land before or since. Nor was it ordered by an overuling Providence that man alone should bear his part in the deeds that win an immortality. Woman, gentle, unpresuming, gifted with all the graces that adorn her sex, and keenly sensitive of their characters, were among those whose courage and devotion often turned aside an impending blow, or saved from threatened ruin. The horrors and almost impossible cruelties that were enacted by the Indians, upon the unoffending whites, have filled volumes, and will furnish matter for thousands yet to be written.

In the small town in which was situated Fort Henry, in Ohio county, Virginia, there lived at the time of which we write, a young girl, named Elizabeth Zane. She was a gentle creature, whose life had hitherto flowed on in the unchanging routine of the condition into which she was born. Save the not unfrequent depredations of the Indian, there was little transpiring to develope a mind that needed something uncommon to quicken to full action. At last, however, Elizabeth loved. There had come to the Fort, one in command of its forces, a young officer, who had become attached to Miss Zane, from the first moment that he beheld her. Elizabeth listened to him with eager attention as he told of the dangers that had beset the first years of his career as a soldier, while he was but a boy, and as she hung with pity upon his words, she like Desdemona drank of the deep waters which lie hid thereafter in the heart. One afternoon when released from his daily duty he had joined her, they rambled somewhat further than ordinary, until entirely out of sight of the Fort. So wrapped were they in the pleasure attendant upon this secret communion of the heart, that they did not observe either how fast the time was speeding, or how far they had wandered from their home. The accustomed ear of Captain Lee, however, soon caught the sound of a stealthy tread that fell guardedly amid the underbrush through which they were passing. He drew her closer to his breast and whispered,

'List! do you hear that footfall?'

The girl paused, and bent her ear to catch the sound, but without avail.

'I hear nothing,' she answered, save the rustle of the leaves, and the murmer of the distant waterfall. If you think otherwise, let us return.'

'Hist! again that sound! I cannot be mistaken. There is a 'red-skin' near us,' he replied. 'We must be cautious, or we may be surprised. How wrong of me to bring you thus far from the Fort. But we will retrace our steps and happily may escape the notice of the enemy. It is a scout, I warrant me, who has been sent by his people to examine our stockades. He will find that we are fully prepared for them. If we can only reach the Fort we are safe.'

He had no sooner spoken and turned to pass stealthily over the path they had come, still pressing the agitated girl in his embrace, than a heavy dark body was precipitated against them with such a momentum as to throw them both to the ground. Lee was the first to rise and grapple with their foe, who proved to be a tall, muscular son of the forest. Their struggle was to be a deadly one, they both saw that. Lee was a man of little frame, and his agility alone made up for the superior strength of his antagonist. With desperation they fought, neither having an opportunity to use a weapon, indeed, Lee had left his sword and fire-lock, at the house of his intended, so that he would be entirely at the mercy of his opponent, should he be able to draw the tomahawk that was resting in his belt of wampum. Fiercely raged the battle until the brave girl, who had but now returned to consciousness, approached the combatants, seized the hatchet of the Indian, and buried it in his head. One convulsive shudder, a wild shriek in the last mortal agony, and he fell back to the earth a corpse.—As soon as Lee could recover his strength, they again started for the Fort.

'We must make the best of our time,' he urged, 'else we may again be attacked. This warrior has not ventured alone near our Fort. You have saved my life, but the danger is not yet over. I may have to protect you. So soon as the savages shall discover the death of one of their number, their mad spirits will yearn for revenge! They will undoubtedly attack us.'

'How unfortunate that we should have wandered so far..'

'Not so,' Lee interrupted, as he hurried his protector over the unbeaten path, 'for sooner or later they would have been emboldened and attempted what they will now be forced to do. Let them come on, we can maintain our garrison against thousands of them.

They now reached the village, and found that the people were in a state of considerable alarm, at their protracted absence. They were addressed by one of the first settlers in the place, a sturdy, bold pioneer and hunter, who had passed the better portion of his life amid the hardships and privations of the frontier.

'Jee-rusalem! cap'n whar on airth hev you and the gal, bin? The women folks are almost crazy about you. Tarnal death! of I didn't think the red-skins hed you sure! Lizzy looks a heap scart, what's bin the matter?'

Lee briefly related the occurrences of the past hour.

'Brave gal!' continued the pioneer, 'She's jist the help-meet for a sojer.'

Of course Lizzy blushed.

'I mor'n 'spected suthin had transpired.'

He drew Lee aside, and said in lower tones, 'you know too much of the pizen Inguns to s'pose they'll rest satisfied with one death.—I've been on the trail of some of them varmints for the last week, an' I'm certain sure they mean fight.'

'Such is my impression,' Lee replied, 'and consequently we have but little time left for preparation. I must return to the fort, and prepare my command for the impending struggle. You had better inform the people of their danger, and advise them at once to seek shelter in the stockade.'

'I'll do it cap'n, and raise all the provender around the place. It'll be a seige of some duration. Tarnal death to my old head if I don't long to shoot some o' these pizen sarpints. I owe 'em a grudge for stealing my mare last fall. They jest pulled down the pickets whar she was browsin' an' toted her off afore daylight.'

Lee accompanied his intended to her father's house, when after bidding them come to the fort without delay, he repaired to his charge, and long before the last person from the village was within the walls, he was ready to meet the foe.

At early dawn the next day, there arose upon the air a wild cry from a hundred throats, which startled all within the garrison, nerving the brave and intimidating the weak. The savages were upon them, Lee and the pioneer stood at a point from which they could observe the motions of the enemy. They saw at once that the Indians who were running from house to house, with tomahawks in hand, were terribly disappointed in being thus cheated of their prey. At last the voice of their chief called them to council. But a few moments passed thus, when they again seperated. A little while after there rose from each and every house a faint streak of vapor, then a denser smoke, and at last a bright flame.

They have fired every house in the town, insatiate wretches!' exclaimed Lee.

'Tarnal death to my old head,' the pioneer replied, 'ef that aint so. Look! my cabin is the only place safe——ah! see the chief himself is about to apply the torch to my humble roof. Come old rifle! once more to your duty. Death to the red skin.'

He raised the piece to his shoulder, a sharp click, and a speeding bullet. The incendiary threw the brand high in the air and fell dead at the portal.

'Who wants the next pill?' he asked as he smiled with satisfaction at the work performed by his unerring weapon.

The tactics of the beseigers were now changed. As soon as their chief fell, a still wilder shout rended the air. They formed into file and ran one by one past the dead body, indulging in the most demoniac gestures, and brandishing their weapons towards the fort.

'Now then comes the work. To your duty men!' cried Lee. 'Do not waste one shot! Let every leaden messenger carry death to some one of those devils.'

On they came to the attack, but ever as they advanced were they repulsed by the steady and well directed fire of the gallant band within the fort. Thus passed the whole of the day, until night set in and prevented further action. All that could be done by Lee and his party was to watch narrowly that no fire might be applied to the stockades. The Indians, however, were too busy in removing their slain to keep up the assault. Daylight had hardly returned ere the fiends again mustered in their strength to recommence operations, a brisk fire was again opened upon them, and with the same fatal effect. As Lee stood directing the men, word was brought to him that the ammunition was nearly expended.

'Can it be,' he exclaimed with horror, 'then we are lost, our only hope lay in the continuous fire that we have thus far kept up.'

The pioneer approached at the same time and heard the remark. Miss Zane was also present, a listener.

'I forgot in my haste a keg of ammunition that is stored under the flooring of my cabin. That is the only house left standing. We must get that keg or we are lost. I will at once go for it.'

'No!' Lee replied. 'You have rendered too great a service to permit us to dispense with you. Some one else must make the dangerous attempt. Who shall it be?

Miss Zane moved quietly away, and ere the leaders had decided upon the party who should make the venture, they saw her pass the gate, and hurry out upon the sward in front of them. Lee was almost distracted at the temerity of his betrothed. He stretched out his arms towards her, and cried:

'Come back! For heaven's sake return or you are lost.'

Still the brave girl pressed on and reached the cabin. Just as she disappeared within the low door, the savages caught the first sight of her figure. Lee in an almost frenzy rushed down from his post, and flew after her. The pioneer retaining his self-command called to the soldiers:

'Up here every one of you! As them sarpints approach the cabin let every man select his target and fire plum into his heart. One false shot and she is lost. Steady men—each cover an Injun!'

The wild crew were now darting forward—a simultaneous report rang from the muskets, every shot telling with fatal precision. The enemy halted for a moment. By this time Lee had reached the cabin, and meeting Miss Zane at the door, relieved her of her burden. This sight again gave a mad energy to the Indians. They pressed forward and were again met with the deadly bullets. One of their number, however, had been slightly wounded, and ere the pioneer or his party perceived him, had drawn close up to Lee and the brave girl. As his weapon was poised in the air for its fatal mission, the quick eye of the old hunter marked him, and soon guided the leaden death to his heart, but even as he fell the tomahawk flew from his hand. Fortunately Lee had at that moment interposed his person and received the weapon into his shoulder, cutting and crushing through flesh and bone. So imminent had been the peril to Miss Zane, that some of her long tresses, borne back upon his arm by the breeze, were severed from her head and buried in his wound.

The ammunition thus secured enabled the whites to drive back and entirely defeat the Indians—not, however, until but a few of all their savage host were left alive—and to the bravery of this noble girl was due the salvation of all within the fort.

That we have drawn no fancy sketch, the annals of her native State will attest, as will also many an honored descendant of the brave Lee and his noble wife.

Pure Pleasure.

Religion is rich with glad influences; for it is a principle infinitely varied—it presides over the different phases of human life, and sanctions and hallows them all. Religion forbids folly, forbids excess, forbids and empty, frivolous living—and who wishes to live so? Religion bids us have a time for all things, and wisely live for a higher and purer destiny than any of this earth.—It bids us not to be profane, or indolent, or licentious, or wasteful. Who wishes to be so? But it does not stop us from one true joy. It forbids not one innocent amusement. Look up at the sky. Is not an expression of cheerfulness and joy *there*, blended with purity? Look abroad upon the earth—is not nature glad? Has not God dimpled the valleys into smiles and thrown sun light over the water, and crowned the hills with rejoicing? It is true life has many and grave duties—different spheres in life have different measures of duty—and the true conscience must always consult circumstances without and the great law within; but pleasure, amusement—Religion forbids them not—it gives them a more genuine and delightful ministry than anything else can. But not only this. It sows within us the seeds of an undying joy that fails not when outward means of happiness fail—when animal spirits grow feeble and low, when sorrows darken and cares appall. This it gives us shedding abroad a holy serenity in the heart, and imparting a calm lustre to the brow. It is a principle of truth, and therefore it allows us nothing that is treacherous and wrong; but all that makes happy and grateful and good it opens for us in abundant measure. It reveals new sources of happiness. It makes the spire of grass and the star beautiful miniatures of delight. And do we think that we must sacrifice pleasure by choosing Religion as our guide and our end? It is a sad mistake, as they well know who cling to the chalice of sin, and drink the bitterness of its dregs. Do not hesitate to follow Christ, because you think your pleasures will be less. Every real source of enjoyment, every truly pleasant thing, it sanctions, and deprives us only of the evil—and even for this it far more than repays us. It may check a boisterous folly, but it bestows enduring peace of mind. It may forbid licentious excess, but it enkindles a glorious hope. It may put back the hand that reaches out after clustering deceits, but it lights the pale cold face with a smile in death. Nothing that is lawful now, will be unlawful when you join the church. No true pleasure will be less a pleasure then, it will be deeper and more beneficial.

Listen to the Counsels of Washington, Jefferson and Jackson.

The unity of government which constitutes you one people, is also now dear to you. It is justly so; for it is a main pillar in the edifice of your real independence, the support of your tranquility at home, your peace abroad, of your safety, of your prosperity, of that very liberty which you so highly prize. But as it is easy to foresee that from different causes, and from different quarters, much pains will be taken, many artifices employed, to weaken in your minds the conviction of this truth—as this is the point in your political fortress against which the batteries of internal and external enemies will be most constantly and actively (though often covertly and insiduously) directed—it is of infinite moment that you should properly estimate the immense value of your national union to your collective and individual happiness; that you should cherish a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment to it, accustoming yourselves to think and to speak of it as a palladium of your political safety and prosperity; watching for its preservation with jealous anxiety; discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can in any event be abandoned; and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts.

WASHINGTON.

The lessons contained in this invaluable legacy of Washington to his countrymen, should be cherished in the heart of every citizen to the latest generation; and, perhaps, at no period of time could they be more usefully remembered than at the present moment. For when we look upon the scenes that are passing around us, and dwell upon the pages of his parting address, his paternal counsels would seem to be, not merely the off-spring of wisdom and foresight, but the voice of prophecy foretelling events and warning us of the evil to come. JACKSON.

If there be any among us who would wish to DISSOLVE this UNION, or to change its republican form, let them stand undisguised, as monuments of the safety with which error of opinion may be tolerated, where reason is left free to combat it. JEFFERSON.

If the UNION is once SEVERED, the line of separation will grow WIDER and WIDER, and the controversies which are now debated and settled in the halls of legislation, will then be TRIED IN FIELDS OF BATTLE, and determined by the sword. JACKSON.

We must have patience and long endurance then, with our brethren while under delusion. Give them time for reflection and experience of consequences; keep ourselves in a situation to profit by the chapter of accidents—and separate from our companions only when the sole alternatives left, are the dissolution of our union with them, or submission to a government without limitation of powers. JEFFERSON.

Leave your friends and stand by your COUNTRY! JACKSON.

The Union: It must be preserved! JACKSON.

Enlarge the Domain.

The seceders of the South are bent upon reviving the horrible African slave trade. That is one of the chief reasons for wishing to dissolve the Union. They say, they need more slave labor to cultivate the soil. That's the argument employed South. In this State they adopt a slightly different course. Mr. Rodman, in his argument here the other day, contended that slavery is too much pent up—the area is too confined—that it must have an outlet, and pointed us to Mexico and Central America, that land of mixed bloods—of semi-barbarians, where cotton and sugar and tropical fruits grow, as the natural outlet for slavery. But Mexico is free. Its whole mongrel population is opposed to slavery. Of course, then, he means that Mexico must be conquered, and then Cuba and Central America, which, with the South, must form a great Southern Confederacy. That is the idea of the secessionists. They will embroil our own country in a civil war first,—for who is so blind as to suppose that the South can attempt to secede without a war? They will break up a Union which cost the blood of our fathers—which has made us everything that is great in wealth and power, and glorious in the eyes of the world, to form a Union with Spaniards, and mulattoes, and mixed bloods, who, of course, they will conquer, but will not extirminate, for the purpose of opening an outlet for slavery. And all this, while a strong faction of the party are determened to revive the African slave trade, because there are not slaves enough! Are the honest yeomanry of the country ready for this. Let them ponder it.—*Washington Dispatch.*

Bell and Everett Movements.

The Bell and Everett State Committee has appointed a series of mass meetings to be held throughout the State during the month of September. Among the number, one is to be held in this city, which will be attended by distinguished advocates of the party from this and other States. It will probably be the largest gathering of the party in this State, as delegations will likely attend from Butler, Montgomery, Clermont, Ross, Highland, and other counties in this State, and also large delegations from Kentucky and Indiana. We shall publish the arrangements for the meeting as soon as completed.

Gen. Leslie Coombs has tendered two weeks service to the Bell and Everett party of this State.—Appointments have already been made for him. He will speak at Dayton, Toledo, Mansfield, Portsmouth, Hillsborough and other points in Southern Ohio.—*Cincinnati (O.) Times.*

IREDELL EXPRESS

EUGENE B. DRAKE & SON,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

STATESVILLE,

FRIDAY, : : : : : : OCTOBER 5, 1860.

Our Terms.

THE "IREDELL EXPRESS" is published upon the following TERMS, from which there will be no deviation. Subscribers therefore will govern themselves accordingly

1 copy one year, if paid in advance,	$2 00;
If paid within 3 months,	2 25;
If paid within 6 months,	2 50;
If not paid till the end of the subscription year,	3 00.

Nominees of the Union Convention!

For President:

HON. JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

For Vice-President:

EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Electors for President & Vice-President.

For the State at Large:

Hon. Geo. E. Badger, of Wake.
Dr. R. K. Speed, of Pasquotank.

Districts:

1 Dist. J. W. Hinton, of Pasquotank.
2 do Chas. C. Clark, of Craven.
3 do O. H. Dockery, of Richmond.
4 do L. C. Edwards, of Granville.
5 do Alfred G. Foster, of Randolph.
6 do Henry Walser, of Davidson.
7 do Wm. P. Bynum, of Lincoln.
8 do Robt. M. Henry, of Macon.

EX. COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Raleigh, Sept. 15th, 1860.

There will be a STATE MASS MEETING of the friends of BELL AND EVERETT, and of the UNION, at the Town of Salisbury, on the 11th and 12th of October next. Every County in the State is desired and expected to send Delegates.

The UNION MEN of Rowan, through the Executive Committee, extend a cordial invitation to UNION MEN EVERYWHERE to be with them on that occasion.

SION H. ROGERS, Ch'n.

FOURTH VOLUME.

THE "IREDELL EXPRESS"

Will enter upon the Fourth Volume on the 7th December next. For three years have we toiled to make the "EXPRESS" an interesting vehicle of intelligence and recreation to its many readers, how well we have succeeded remains for its patrons to judge,—While many Journals have started into existence in various portions of the country, maintained a feeble existence for a season, and went out, the **"Express"** has been regular in its appearance each week and greeted our patrons with its sunny countenance. That we have fell short of our duties in some respects, would not be truthful to deny, but in the main, we have fulfilled all that was promised by us in our first issue, three years ago. Having grown older in years, and added to our philosophy by experience, we will be more successful in pursuing the even tenor of our way in future, and indulge the belief that, by renewed diligence our efforts to publish an entertaining Journal—such an one as will be a welcome visitor to every household—will be crowned with success.

The Express will ever continue an advocate of the best interests of the State, and of the

Union of the States,

so long as the Rights of all the States are regarded by the General Government, during our control of its columns.

LITERATURE, POLITICS, and Miscellaneous reading, will appear each week in our pages as hitherto. The

Job Office

attached to our establishment has been replenished, recently, with new Materials, and in completeness is second to none in the State for turning out any description of Printing.

The price of the Paper as heretofore will be, $2 a year in advance.

Hon. J. M. Leach's Appointments.

Mt. Mourne, Iredell, Saturday, Oct. 6th.
Winston, Forsyth, (court-week.)
Danbury, Stokes, (court-week) Tuesday, Oct 16th.
Mt Airy, Surry, Thursday, Oct 18th.
Jefferson, Saturday, Oct 20th.
Alleghany C. H., Alleghany, Monday, Oct 22d.
Hamptonville, Thursday, Oct. 25.
East-Bend, Yadkin Co., Friday, Oct. 26.
Bethania, Yadkin Co., Saturday, Oct 27.
Francisco, Stokes, Monday, Oct 29th.
Wentworth, Rockingham, (court-week) Tuesday, Oct 30th.
Walnut Cove, Stokes, Thursday, Nov 1st.
Kernersville, Friday, Nov 2d.
Thomasville, Davidson, Saturday, Nov 3d.
Lexington, Monday, Nov 5th.

Salisbury Mass Meeting.

Bear in mind the Grand Union Mass Meeting, which is to come off at Salisbury, Oct. 11th and 12th. Everybody is expected to go—and we say "go all men, and women too!" Let the hills and the valleys in all portions of the State, empty their population into the town of Salisbury, and the sound of their rejoicing mingle in one loud chorus for the Union and for the weal of our common country.

House Burning.

A dwelling house, which had lately been purchased by Mrs. Rankin of Catawba county, of Rev. Mr. Erwin, located on the Liberty Hill road, some six miles from Statesville, was fired and consumed on Tuesday night of last week. Mrs. Rankin bought it for a residence, had removed and put into the house some of her effects, and would have occupied it with her family in a few days. Loss about $1500. The incendiary is yet unknown.

☞ We acknowledge the reception of a complimentary Ticket to "All the privileges of the Society" of the Agricultural Fair to be held at Newbern, and thank the Executive Committee, through Mr. W. H. Harrison, Secretary, for the same.

Bell and Everett can Save the Union.

We have been much interested in the perusal of a sage article which appeared in the High Point *Reporter* this week, upon the probability of a dissolution of the Union in the event of the election of Lincoln, and the strong probability that Lincoln will certainly be elected, inasmuch, as there are four parties in the field, and no two or all of them will fuse to defeat the black republican. We believe with the Reporter, that to defeat Lincoln there should be a fusion of all the parties who profess to stand opposed to him, and as that is hardly possible with the leaders of those parties—let the people take the matter in hand, and support the only candidates that stand the best chance for consummating the object—BELL and EVERETT. The Union candidates were nominated expressly to meet the crisis now upon the country, which had long been foreseen, would be precipitated into this canvass. It was well understood four years or more ago, that the republicans would run a candidate of their own in the free States, and it was equally as well understood, that there was a party at the South, as sectional in feeling as the republicans, who would put up a sectional candidate in the slave States. It was well known, likewise, that these two parties would wage a deadly warfare against each other, and jeopard the Union and destroy the peace of the country, if no line of policy could be devised to prevent it.

Well, at the proper time, the conservative and Union-loving sages of the land, from the North, South, East, and West, met in harmonious convention at Baltimore, and selected JOHN BELL, of Tennessee, and EDWARD EVERETT, of Massachusetts—men of large experience and well-tried statesmanship—and in a spirit of compromise offered them to the people of the whole country and of all parties, as eminently worthy of their support for the high offices of President and Vice-President of the United States, whose election would settle the quarrel between the North and South—and by keeping out of the Presidential Chair a black republican, give to the country peace, and stability to the Union.

Bell and Everett have been offered in a spirit of compromise between all the other parties—as men who would do equal justice to all sections alike, if elected—and the Union, and the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws, would be safe in their hands. Let the people, think of these things.

Gen. Leach at Liberty Hill.

Hon. J. M Leach addressed several hundred of his fellow citizens of Iredell at Liberty Hill upon the important issues now agitating the country, on last Friday. The large number who assembled to hear Gen. Leach, many Ladies gracing the throng with their presence, was indicative of the deep and heart-felt interest which is being everywhere felt among the people at this juncture for the safety of the Union and the welfare of the country.—The orator was fully impressed with the great events now culminating in the political zenith, threatening to explode and strew destruction broad-cast over the land, and with the consummate ability which he is so eminently distinguished for, he exposed the base designs of the Breckinridge dis-unionists and laid bare the hellish plot which was commenced by Yancey & Co. at Charleston and finished at Baltimore, to elect Lincoln, and then dissolve the Union! That this was their object, Gen. Leach established by incontrovertible testimony, derived, from the action of the Charleston and Baltimore Conventions, by the speeches that have been made by Breckinridge politicians before the assembling of those Conventions and since, and by the press in the interest of the disunion-Breckinridge party—and it furnishes the reason why the seceders dropped Mr. Douglas, who could have been elected, perhaps, if secession had not have taken place.

As Gen. Leach will make one or two more speeches in Iredell, and several in adjoining counties, before the election, we advise as many as can do so to go and hear him. The speech was the best we have ever heard the General deliver, and the two and a half hours which he spake seemed less than one.

Gen. Leach concluded his truly able address, by urging every voter, who is favorable to the perpetuity of the Union, and who would save the country from the carnage of internecine war, and the flowing of rivers of blood shed by brothers' hands, to go to the polls on the 6th day of November and vote for the candidates who are pledged to sustain the Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws—JOHN BELL and EDWARD EVERETT.

Let every man, then, go to the polls and vote on the side of his country—vote for the Union as it was handed down by the immortal Washington. As Gen. Leach said, the masses of the people—Democrats and Whigs—are honest; let them cut loose from the miserable and soulless politicians—men who would ruin their country for place, power, and filthy lucre,—such men are Yancey and others, (who use Breckinridge for a tool)—let the people, we say, cut loose from these mercenary politicians and save their country before it is forever too late. They can do it by voting for BELL and EVERETT, and in no other way.

As we took no notes, we will not attempt to report Gen. Leach's speech, but as he is to address his fellow citizens at other times and places near, let all go and hear him—Democrats and Whigs—no one will regret the time thus devoted, it will not be lost.

The Breckinridge Mass Meeting of Mecklenburg held at Charlotte, a Failure!

We learn that the Breckinridge Mass Meeting which was held at Charlotte last week, and to get up which such a flourish of trumpets was made, proved a sad failure! There were present, 168 PERSONS ONLY—including the orators and some other personages of small repute. The result of this meeting is a scathing rebuke to the Disunionists in North Carolina, and should be a warning to the South. The people, are getting to understand the real object of the Breckinridge-Yancey party, whose design is to dissolve the Union, and the people will set their faces against the treason.

Suicide.

On the 20th of August, a man by the name of James Ates, aged about 40 years, committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a pistol. He chose for the perpetration of this fatal act, a secluded spot, on the waters of Stony Fork, 15 miles west of Wilkesboro', where his remains were not discovered until the 11th September. He had threatened self-destruction for some months previous to his decease. The cause of his committing this rash act is not known.

What the Democracy of Rockingham County, thought and said in favor of Judge Douglas, on the 29th May.

On the 29th day of May last, (we quote from the Raleigh *Standard*) was held one of the largest meetings of the Democracy that was ever held in Rockingham.

Among the resolutions offered by Mr. Settle was the following:

Resolved, That should the said Baltimore Convention nominate for President Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, their action would meet with our entire approbation, and we pledge him our cordial support.

After reading the resolutions, Mr. Settle defended Judge Douglas, and urged the Democracy to unite upon him, and thereby save the party and the country.

The Hon. A. M. Scales, (one of the Electors for the State at large,) being called upon, came forward and defended the resolutions with zeal and ability. He stated that at one time Judge Douglas was not his first choice for the Presidency, but now, in his opinion, the hopes of the Union were upon Douglas. At one time he feared that that giant, that pillar of strength, was about to be taken from the Democratic party, and he confessed that he trembled for the consequences; but now, mere abstractions only divided us, and there was no good reason why we should not support Judge Douglas. Mr. Scales took his seat amidst great applause.

Dr. T. W. Keen, Elector for the Sixth District, was next called for. He stated that Judge Douglas was now and had been for years, his first choice for the Presidency. He showed in an earnest, eloquent speech, that Douglas is a bold, brave, and consistent statesman,—just the man for these troublesome times. He declared that he had accepted the Electorship for the purpose of bearing the flag of the national Democratic party; but if that flag was to be torn into pieces and parceled out among sections, his obligations were ended. He would not bear a sectional flag.

J. R. McLean, Esq., Elector for the Fifth District, who was in attendance at Court, was next called. Mr. McLean made one of his happiest efforts. His speech was short, but pointed. He said that like Mr. Scales he had once preferred another but he now urged the people to unite on Douglas. If Douglas should obtain the nomination at Baltimore, he would be found this summer and fall in the field fighting for him. Mr. McLean hit the black Republican party heavy blows, and his remarks on the Bell and Everett concern were rich. His speech was a decided hit.

The chairman then put the question, and the resolutions were adopted by acclamation."

Messrs. Scales and McLean are now electors for the State on the Breckinridge-disunion ticket; and the *Standard*, and other prints of like stripe, who published these same proceedings with a flourish of trumpets, are fighting might and main against the "Little Giant!"

The Franklin Observer,

Which was published in the town of Franklin, Macon county, N. C., and neutral in politics, has been changed to "WESTERN CAROLINIAN," and has raised the flag of BELL and EVERETT. We hail it as an able adjunct in the cause of the Union, and wish it God speed in the good work.

Murder of Miss Adams in Pitt County.

A correspondent of the Washington (N.C.) *Dispatch* has furnished that paper with the following account of a brutal murder which was perpetrated in Pitt county by some fiend, on the night of the 20th ultimo:

Our community was thrown into a state of unusual excitement on last Thursday morning, by the announcement that Miss Lucretia Adams, a maiden lady, about 35 years of age, had been *murdered* at the house of Bryan Grimes, Esq., (in the lower part of Pitt Co.) where she resided. Mr. Grimes is a widower with two small children, and last winter he employed this lady to reside at his house and take care of his children. This summer when Mr. Grimes carried his children off up the country, as it is his custom to do, and designing to visit Europe himself, having some workmen employed, he engaged this lady to remain during his absence, to attend to feeding his workmen and to take care of his house. Mr. Grimes has an overseer also on his farm, but he sleeps in another house prepared for that purpose, about 80 yards from the main building. The workmen employed had finished their job and left, and at the time the only white persons on the premises, were the murdered lady and the overseer.—The evidence disclosed showed, that the lady retired to bed as usual, about ½ past 9 o'clock on Wednesday night, in good health. A small servant girl, apparently about 7 years of age, slept in the room with the lady. It was her invariable custom to lock up all the doors of the house before retiring. On Thursday morning, the cook woman, finding that Miss Adams was sleeping, as she thought, later than usual, sent to have her waked up. The little girl in the room answered that she could not wake her; and hoisted a window and jumped out, apparently very much frightened. The old woman then became alarmed and called to the overseer, (who was near by) and when he came up, she informed him that Miss Adams could not be waked up. They then found that the front door of the house was open, went in and into her bed room, and found her covered up lying dead on the bed; and upon a slight examination, he saw that she had been murdered. The neighbors were immediately sent for, and also Dr. King, Mr. G.'s family Physician, and upon a thorough examination, it was found that the lady had been murdered in a most diabolical manner. Her throat was bruised and lacerated, showing that it had been grasped with a strong hand, and pressed so as to leave the prints of the fingers distinctly on one side and the thumb on the other, and on her right hand and arm there were two severe bites, showing the distinct impressions of the teeth. The deceased was evidently choked and strangled, and in endeavoring to remove the hand of the murderer from her mouth and throat, she evidently received those bites.—The little negro girl that was sleeping in the room with the deceased, says that she heard the deceased say during the night, that some one was in the room, that she then heard some one get on the bed, and heard Miss Adams hollow once and attempt to hollow again, but she could not; says she was alarmed and covered up her head. The little girl has since given contradictory statements of what she knew, and she is too young to be made a witness.

Coroner James, attended by a jury, yesterday held an inquest over the dead body, and the jury, after examining into the case, rendered a verdict that she was murdered by a negro man slave named Henry, the property of Mr. Grimes, and Henry was arrested and sent to jail to await his trial. I have avoided giving any of the evidence against Henry, as the case will undergo judicial investigation, and I think it would be improper to prejudice the public mind in advance of the trial.

Circulate the Documents.

This is a common caption in the party papers. It is good advice. Scatter the documents and let them be read. But we are convinced the very best thing a man can do for his party, is to circulate the papers of his party. Circulate those which are nearest to you first. The local papers have the strongest claim on you. Documents are usually long. But every well conducted paper is filled with short, pithy articles, which are sure to be read. Therefore, we urge our friends to circulate the newspapers first, and then the documents. The papers will whet the appetite for the documents.

Washington Dispatch.

Terrible Fire and Fall of Buildings in New Orleans—50 or 60 Human Beings Crushed—$150,000 worth of Property Destroyed.

The True Delta, which comes to us by Adam's Express, contains an account of a terrible catastrophe which occured in New Orleans on Sunday evening.

A fire broke out about half past seven, at the liquor store of Karsleingieck & Co., 101 and 103 Tchoupitoulas street, between Lafayette and Girod. In a short time a terrible explosion occurred, which caused the walls to fall, crushing several adjoining buildings, and burying 50 or 60 persons in the ruins, from among the crowd who had gathered on the street to assist in removing goods and suppressing the fire. Of these, many were firemen, and up to the time the Delta went to press, at 12 o'clock, 13 persons had been taken out of the ruins, all dead or frightfully injured. The following are the names of the dead whose bodies are recovered:

Alfred Corme, Ferdinand Guerrenger, Edward Hoyde, Alfred Delarond, T. G. Bartelsen. Among those missing, are Mr. Hernandez of the Cigar store opposite the St. Charles. The Delta says that the names of those more or less injured would almost fill a column. They forbear to mention the names of many who are missing, lest they give unfounded alarm to absent friends, but it was believed that several more were buried beneath the wals.

The scene was a most appalling one, and the Delta alludes to the heroic efforts of many persons in behalf of the sufferers.

The loss of property is estimated at $150,000, of which about half is covered by insurance.

The Late Col. F. A Lumsden.

From the New Orleans Picayune, Sept. 16.

The loss of the *Lady Elgin* has imposed upon us a sad and mournful task. Among those who found a grave beneath the waters of Lake Michigan are Col. Lumsden and his entire household. The faint hope that at least some of that family circle, so intimately connected with us, and so deservedly popular among the citizens of New Orleans, had escaped, has died out; and it now only remains for us to give expression to our regard for the lost by uttering of the dead what will be but an echo from the heart of every one who knew them.

Francis Asbury Lumsden was a native of North Carolina. At an early age he was apprenticed to the senior Joseph Gales, the editor of the Raleigh *Register*, in whose office he served his time. After spending nine years in the *National Intelligencer*, at Washington City, he came to New-Orleans, about twenty-four years ago, and in 1836 was foreman in a journal called the *Standard*.

In 1837, in conjunction with Mr. Kendall, he commenced the publication of the *Picayune*, with which he remained connected until the day of his death. The history of the growth of this paper from its feeble beginning to its present standing is too well known to need recapitulation. Its influence and reputation gave him a wide reputation in the community, and added to the personal friendship which his warm heart and social qualities were well calculated to secure.

To its columns he was a pleasant contributor under various *noms de plume*, besides his editorial initials, giving agreeable and racy sketches of life and manners in near and remote places, of his hunting and sporting excursions, and of other matters of interest to the public. Even up to the day of his starting upon the fatal excursion on Lake Michigan he communicated in this way with the *Picayune*.

Col. Lumsden was twice married. His first wife, whom he brought with him to this city, dying soon afterwards, at a subsequent period he was united to the daughter of the gallant Capt. Spedden, which connected him with a large circle of New Orleans families. His only son—the warm-hearted, the high-minded Frank—was the child of his second marriage.

The New York Express says:—"Every body in Louisiana appears to be coming over to Bell and Everett. We get a new Bell and Everett paper from that region about every other day. We never saw anything like it. The whole country is evidently stirred to its profoundest depths. The other day the Commercial Bulletin gave us the names of sixteen Bell and Everett papers in Louisiana, then it recorded the advent of another, and now it announces "one more." But this is not all. Within the few days past many distinguished men in various parts of the country, who were previously on the Democratic side, have declared for Bell and Everett. Among these are E. M. Yerger, Esq., of Mississippi, Hon. George T. Ward, of Florida, and Hon. Haze Kich Thompson, of Louisiana. So we go. Ring the Bell!"

[*Special Dispatch to the Charleston Courier.*]

Later from Central America—Walker not Dead Yet.

New Orleans, Sept. 26.

The schooner Taylor arrived here to-day from Honduras, bringing the remnant of Walker's followers. It was not believed at Belize that the authorities would consent to Walker and Rudler's death. Walker surrendered, without making any resistance, to the British. At Rio Negro the men were naked and in a starving condition. Capt. Salmon, of the Icarus, (the British man-of-war) went himself to Belize to obtain Gen. Price's influence to prevent the execution of Walker and Rudler, declaring that he would feel his honor compromised if the execution should take place.

The Icarus was returning to Truxillio as the Taylor passed Fort McDonald, with dispatches preventing the execution.

[*Exclusive Dispatch to the Charleston Courier.*]

Hon. Wm. L. Yancey at Washington.

Washington, Sept. 21, 10 p. m.

Hon. Wm. L. Yancey arrived here to-day. An immense and enthusiastic crowd, headed by the "Marine Band," serenaded him this evening. In response to frequent calls, Mr. Yancey appeared and made a handsome reply. He spoke most eloquently, and advocated disunion in the event of Lincoln's election. He said the Union was in the hands of the Northern anti-Lincolnites, who could prevent disunion by a fusion for Lincoln's defeat. Mr. Yancey concluded by saying that if the Northern sectional majority disregard the checks and limitations of the Constitution, Southern freemen would plant the banner of equality upon the mountains of Georgia, and entrench themselves in a Southern Confederacy; but he hoped that timely fusion would avert such dire evils.

From the Raleigh Register.

MOUNT AIRY, Sept. 1860.

Mr. Editor:—It seems somewhat singular to me, that amid all the turmoil, *to do*, and excitement of the present time, it has never been pointedly brought home to the Breckinridge wing of the Democratic forces, that one of two positions they are compelled to assume. Either they concur with the projectors and leaders of the Richmond movement, which gave *their organization* birth, and look forward, *not unexpectantly*, to a dissolution of the Union; or else returning, like "dogs to their vomit again, or hogs to their wallowing in the mire," fall back upon the blasted, and repudiated policy of *Buchananism* of which Mr. Breckinridge is now the sole representative before the Country. Yes! they are either *Yancey* men or *Buchanan* men, for however strongly Mr. Breckinridge may assert his *devotion to the Union*, which I for one am willing to believe, (since I do not hold that there is the slightest community of feeling between the *Yanceyites*, and Mr. B., only in so far, *that they want a tool* and *he* is willing to be *made use of*,) he cannot get round the fact, that he was the ardent and devoted supporter of Mr. Buchanan's policy and acts, even to the forgetting of the dignity of his official position, and taking the stump in his behalf; and that moreover, in furtherance of the fact of their perfect unanimity and agreement, that Mr. Buchanan has done the *like kindness* by him, virtually nominating him his successor. Time past has very effectually shown that Platforms are one thing, and men are another; and no matter what form of words may be temporarily inscribed upon their escutcheon, *experience* leaves but one of two things to anticipate in case of *his election*. Either Mr. B. will yield himself to the control of his *bottle holders*, or else the *Buchanan policy* will *continue*, under the *auspices* of *a younger man*.—Now, sir, I hold that *these* are the two only *positive prospects* which the partizans of Breckinridge can present to the Country. We know what Yancey and Rhett, would do if they could, and we know what Mr. Breckinridge *has done*; and what *he* or *they*, or any body else *may say*, just at *this time*, isn't worth a *pinch of snuff*.

Yours, Respectfully, &c. J.

P. S. Mr. Breckinridge's speech says that he is no Disunionist in sentiment. Mr. Breckinridge's *acts have declared* him a Buchananite in policy. Those who vote for him, then, are supporting Old Buch's *heir apparent*.

No Surrender of Rights.

I would not have the South truckle or surrender any of their rights. *I would not have them yield one jot or title of their rights;* but I would have them make no questionable issues in advance, stir up no strife upon unnecessary abstract questions, having no practical value, but to *do always what is right upon all questions*. When a people or territory apply for admission into the Union, under a constitution fairly formed, with the assent of the people, excluding slavery, I would admit it promptly; and when an application comes, on the other hand, from the people of a Territory who have fairly formed a constitution recognizing slavery, *I would insist upon its admission as a Slave State*. If the North should not agree to this, it would be time enough to consider the remedy.—*John Bell, 18th March, 1850.*

"Give 'Em Thunder."

We understand that Hon. Z. B. Vance, whenever it is convenient, is making telling speeches over the District. A few days since he was met by Wm. N. Bilbo, of Tennessee notoriety, and we are told Zeb made a complete shucking of him.—It's no use for any of the Democratic stumpers to bristle up to Zeb, with the expectation of making any capital. They will always come out at the small end of the *horn*, looking like they had let a bird go. Hurrah Vance—give 'em thunder.—*Asheville Spectator.*

Signs.

A gentleman who came through Mississippi on the Jackson Railroad, says the New Orleans *Bulletin*, informs us that a vote was taken in the car, and the result was 31 for Bell 27 for Breckinridge and 4 for Douglas. The vote for Bell just equaled that of both his opponents! This of Mississippi is pretty good.

A Breckinridge man who came down the river on the H. R. W. Hill, says there was a Breckinridge Elector on board who treated the company, made a speech and treated again, and then took the vote, when it appeared that there were two for Breckinridge, five for Douglas, and the remainder, some thirty, for Bell. The Breckinridge elector, nothing daunted, made another speech and took the vote again, with the same result as before. The elector was disgusted.

A Haytien Embassey in Mobile.

We learn that a full-grown and blown Haytien, black as ebony, and bearing extraordinary powers from the august Jeffrard of Hayti, made his appearance in Mobile yesterday, and attracted considerable attention. His business here was to promote the emigration of free negroes to Hayti, and he represented that a vessel was in readiness to transport such emigrants thither as might choose to avail themselves of the opportunity.

We understand that the agent waited upon His Honor the Mayor, who politely directed him to His Worship the Sheriff of Mobile County, who informed him that the laws of the State of Alabama did not recognize or look favorably upon the object of his embassy, and advised him that a speedy departure from within the limits of this Commonwealth would probably best comport with the tenor and spirit of the statutes thereof. The Haytien improved the hint, made his way under escort of the Chief of Police, to the mail boat, and by the time this reaches the eye of the reader will probably be in the Crescent City.

The press of Louisiana favor the project as a good way of getting rid of the worthless free negroes that formerly infested that State, but were warned off by the severe statutes recently enacted by the Legislature.

Mobile Advertiser 19th.

Clubs, Barbecues and Mass Meetings.

These will be the order of the day until the election. Our Democratic opponents are taking the lead in this work. The Breckinridge wing of the Democracy will move heaven and earth to carry the old North State. Let the Union men resolve *that it shall not be*. The loss of North Carolina will be disastrous to the Union. Its effect upon the Southern seceders will embolden them to carry out their unholy purpose of disunion.

Let the Union men therefore form clubs in every county. Let them hold mass meetings at every convenient point. There never was an election in the Republic so important as this. We must check the spirit of disunion, North or South; and the only effective way to do it, is to elect Bell and Everett. There never was a time then, when the Union men of the land should be willing to sacrifice more time or money on any election than this. Let every man pick his flint and prepare for the contest.—*Washington Dispatch.*

Asheboro' Court.

Superior Court is in session at Asheboro', this week, Judge R. M. Saunders presiding. Two young men were convicted of breaking in a store and stealing goods, and sentenced to receive eleven stripes each at the whipping post, which was accordingly carried into execution.

Rev. Daniel Worth was called and not answering, was called out and judgment entered against his sureties, who will have to pay the bonds without reduction.

On Monday, a chap who had it seems, been attending camp meetings recently, but who had taken on too much *court week*, lay down on a bench in the court house to rest his face and hand a while. No doubt the theme of his dreams was woven of recent camp meeting scenes, and waking up, he commenced in stentorian notes a revival song, which struck the audience as well as the court with no slight degree of astonishment. The fellow was conducted out by order of the court to finish his pious exercise in a more appropriate sphere.

On Tuesday night, two spiritual imbibers, under the influence of *sump'n*, got among the dye-pots and came out "black as the ace of spades." The wonderful metamorphosis created some little amusement among spectators, as they "circulated" next morning, unconscious of the change in the color of their countenance.

So the world wags.—*High Point Reporter.*

The State Fair—Improvements on the Fair Grounds, &c.

The Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society, anticipating the largest exhibition this year that has ever taken place under the auspices of the Society, are making extensive arrangements for the accommodation of exhibitors and visitors A new building, 20 by 60 feet, has been erected for fruits, condiments, &c. This will be a great relief to Floral Hall, as the latter has a'ways been overcrowded. Floral Hall will be arranged, both with respect to articles and company, so as to be more convenient and agreeable. The ladies will now have Floral Hall to themselves, and we call upon them to exert themselves to fill it up and decorate it in the most attractive manner.

A new building near the entrance, intended for the Executive Committee, will be erected. This is much needed.

The track is in fine order for trotting.

The Salisbury Brass Band has been engaged for the occasion, and visitors may expect some good music.

It will be seen from the advertisement in another column that Mr. P. F. Pescud and Dr. L. S. Perry have been appointed a Committee of Reception, to provide accomodations for visitors. This duty could not have been entrusted to more competent hands. All who desire to come may rest assured of being accommodated.—[Raleigh *Register.*]

Walker's Death Confirmed.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 28.

The steamer Gladiator, which arrived yesterday from Truxillo, has been quarantined. Her news leaves no room to doubt that the great fillibuster is no more. Walker fell, pierced by ten balls. The Hondurians cheered when their enemy sank to the earth. The remains of Walker were decently interred, the funeral honors being done by foreigners. The natives would take no part in the burial service. Col. Rudler has been sentenced to four years imprisonment.

Fugitive Slave Case in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 23.

On Thursday last the United States Marshal, accompanied by two Deputies and eight or ten men, went to Iberia, Morrow County, Ohio, with warrants to arrest three slaves (brothers) who had run away from Germantown, Ky., about four months since. One negro was arrested by the Marshal.—After an examination before Commissioner Newhall, he was remanded to the custody of his former master. One of the Deputies was set upon by a crowd of sixty or seventy negroes and white men, armed with guns and pistols. His clothes were torn off, his warrant and money taken, and an attempt made to hang and shoot him. After cutting his hair short he was allowed to depart without the negro. The other Deputy was fired upon when attempting to arrest the third negro, and returned the fire shooting the fingers off of one of the rioters, but he was obliged to leave without securing the prisoner.

More Slavers Captured.

Norfolk, September 26.

On Wednesday, a brig, supposed to be the *Storm King*, arrived here in charge of Lieut. Hughes, from Monrovia. The brig was captured by the *San Jacinto*, on the 8th of August, with 619 Africans on board, which were landed at Monrovia. The prize ship *Erie* was also re-captured on the 8th, by the *Mohican* and arrived at Monrovia with 860 Africans, in charge of Lieut. Donegan.

Severe Thunder-Storm.

This city was visited between 7 and 8 o'clock on Thursday night by a severe thunder-storm. The lightning was exceedingly vivid, and we understand struck a tree in the yard of Daniel G. Fowle, Esq., stunning a negro boy who happened to be near by.—*Raleigh Register.*

Garibaldi in Possession of Naples.

Gen. Garibaldi, with his staff, entered Naples on the 8th.—The King—the "last of Bourbons"—had fled. A provisional government was at once established. The Sardinian flag was flying from all the forts in Naples. Victor Emanuel is in effect King of Italy!

A panic prevailed at Rome. Insurrections had taken place in several of the Pope's districts, and the Papal troops had been repulsed by the people. The inhabitants of several of the districts had proclaimed Victor Emanuel King.

France and Italy.

The opinion is expressed by well informed sources that Louis Napoleon's apparent disapproval of the enlarged aims of Garibaldi, is merely a piece of diplomatic affectation, and that if Austria takes the field against Sardinia, Louis Napoleon will exert himself in favor of his late ally.

GRAND SERIES
OF
Mass Meetings,
FOR
BELL AND EVERETT!

The whole body of the People, of all parties, are cordially invited to attend a Grand Series of Mass Meetings of the

Constitutional Union Party,

at the following times and places:

STATESVILLE, 10th October.

TAYLORSVILLE, Alexander county, Wednesday, 17th October.

WILKESBORO', Wilkes, Thursday, 18th Oct.

JEFFERSON, Ashe, Saturday, 20th Oct.

The following distinguished gentlemen have been invited and it is anticipated that they will be present to address the assembled thousands at each place:

Hon. T. A. R. Nelson, of Jonesboro', Tenn.
" Jno M. Morehead, Greensboro', N. C.
" Wm. A. Graham, Hillsboro', "
" J. M. Leach, Lexington, "
" Jno A. Gilmer, Greensboro', "
" Z. B. Vance, Asheville. "
" R. S. Gaither, Morganton, "
" Tod R. Caldwell, " "
Dr. R. K. Speed, Pasquotank, "
Hon. Geo. E. Badger, Raleigh, "
" Sion H. Rodgers, " "
" John A. Long, "
F. E. Shober, Esq., Salisbury, "
Hamilton Jones, " "
Hon. John Pool, Pasquotank, "
Dr. J. G. Ramsey, Salisbury, "
And others.

Grand Torch-Light Processions will come off at Wilkesboro' and Jefferson on the occasion.

FURNITURE!
FURNITURE!!

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE Stock of FURNITURE of

J. M. SANDERS & CO.,

and associated with me my Brother, WM. LEE DAVIDSON, we intend to carry on the business under the firm of

Davidson & Brother,

In all its branches, at the old stand of J. M. SANDERS & CO., until the 1st of January next, when we expect to open

A SALES-ROOM,

In the store of David Parks, Esq.,—now occupied by the Branch Bank of North Carolina.

A FULL STOCK OF FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS,

May always be found at this establishment. And we pledge ourselves to sell as low as the same articles can be bought in

CHARLESTON

Or any other Southern city.

MR. FRANKLIN HORAH, will have charge of the manufacturing department, where any work desired will be promptly attended to, and repairing of any kind neatly done. ROBT. F. DAVIDSON.

N. B. Having taken the Agency for 'Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases,' they will always be kept on hand.

Charlotte, Oct. 2, 1860. 44-1m.

Markets

Statesville Market—Oct. 5th, 1860.

Corrected weekly by

JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.

Bacon	11	@0 15	Feathers	0 35	@0 40
Beef	0 4½	@0 5½	Flour	5 50	@6 00
Beeswax	0 25	@030	Flaxseed	1 00	
Butter	0 12	@0 15	Hides, dry		0 15
Coffee	0 16	@0 20	Green		0 06
Candles, Tallow		0 20	Lard	0 11	@0 12
Adamantine	0 30	@0 00	Linsey cl	0 30	@0 35
Corn	0 75	@0 80	Molasses	0 40	@0 65
Chickens	0 10	@0 12	Nails	0 06	@0 07
Dried Apples, peeled		0 2½	Peas	0 65	@0 75
Dried Peaches, peeled		0 08	Rags	0 03	
unpeeled		0 04	Rice	0 06	
Eggs, doz	0 8	10	Salt	2 00	@2 50
			Sugar	0 10	@0 12
			Loaf	0 16	@0 18
			Tallow	0 10	@0 12
			Wheat	1 10	@1 25

CHILLS AND FEVER!

ONE of the Greatest Remedies that has ever been offered to the public for

FEVER AND AGUE,

and which has received the highest encomiums, is

WYATT'S CELEBRATED

TONIC AND PILLS.

Who would endure the torture arising from this terrible disease, when it can be so

EASILY CURED.

Who would endure sleepless nights, burning fevers, and icy chills alternately, when a remedy can be obtained for a

MERE TRIFLE!

And yet how many families linger out a painful existence under its effects, and do nothing but

GULP DOWN

Quinine until it becomes as common as their daily meal, and yet are not relieved.

☞ Wyatt's Tonic and Pills are safe and certain.

☞ Prepared by W. H Wyatt, Druggist and Apothecary, Nos. 186 and 188, Main St., Salisbury, N. C.

☞ Price, $1 per package, six for $5.—A liberal discount to merchants.

Salisbury, N. C. October 4, 1860. 44-6m.

A Grand Mass Meeting

of the Citizens of IREDELL and adjoining Counties is desired at

"STOCKTON'S CORNER"

from day to day to examine his Stock of

NEW GOODS

for the

FALL AND WINTER

just received. The especial attention of the LADIES is called to his

Dress Goods,

consisting of SILKS, black & colored French MERINOS, Black and Colored (all wool) DELANES, BOMBAZINE, CASHMERES, POPLINS, DEBEGIS, &c; also,

Cloaks, Shawls, Embroideries and Bonnets.

All of which were selected with great care in reference to *Fashion, Beauty, Quality and Price.*

To Gentlemen wishing to purchase

CLOTHING

he will be pleased to show his Stock of Over-*Coats, Dress and Business Coats, Vests, Pants, Shawls and Blankets* of the very best make and material that can be found in this market for the price.

The Public generally is invited to examine his new supply of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, Crockery, DRUGS & PAINTS,
GROCERIES, &c.

Goods and prices will be shown with pleasure to all who may favor him with a Call. For

CASH or BARTER

he will sell as CHEAP as the cheapest or to punctual Customers on time.

43tf J. W. STOCKTON.

Wanted.

100,000 lb of Dried Apples and Peaches. 10,000 lb Beeswax wanted at the highest market price, for which payment will be paid in Goods at Cash prices.

Sept 28,'60 J. W. STOCKTON.

ATTENTION BLUES!

YOU are hereby commanded to appear at your Armory, on

Saturday, 6th October,

at 11 O'clock, armed and equipped in Winter Uniform. By Order of

A. K. SIMONTON, Capt.
R. F. Simonton, O. S.

A BOOK BINDERY IN SALISBURY.

W. R. DICKS, WOULD RESPECTfully inform the Citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding Country, that he has opened a **Book Bindery** in the Town of Salisbury. He solicits a share of patronage, confident that he will be able to merit it by his attention to business, and by the style and prices of his work.

Every Possible kind of Binding,

Including Books, Periodicals, Pamphlets, Music, Blank Books, Newspapers, &c. &c.

☞ Office over the Post Office.

Agents at Statesville, E. B. Drake & Son.

September 28, 1860. 43-6m.

IMPORTANT SALE!

THE Subscriber having determined to move to the South-west, will proceed to sell without reserve at Public Auction, at his residence near Rowan Mills, on **Wednesday 24th of October,** the following valuable property, viz:

5 *Head well broke Mules,* 2 *ditto Horses,* 25 *Head of Cattle, (amongst which are some No 1 Milch Cows)* 35 *Head fatted Hogs, a good lot of Stock Hogs, Stock of Sheep, all kinds of Poultry,*

Three Valuable WAGONS and Gearing, 1 Extra Fine ROCKAWAY and Double Harness, 1 Buggy and Harness, a great variety of Farming Tools, (good and new) 1 full sett of Blacksmith Tools, Carpenter's Tools, 4 first-rate Guns, 1000 or 1200 bushels CORN, a quantity of

Wheat, Oats, Hay, Fodder,

Wheat Straw, a lot of Walnut Plank, all my Household and Kitchen

Furniture,

1 Share of Stock in the Western N. C. Rail Road, with various other articles too numerous to designate.

At the same time and place, I will sell at public auction my

VALUABLE LANDS

lying immediately on Third Creek; my home place contains 500 ACRES handsomely and conveniently improved, with a good proportion of cleared and well DRAINED BOTTOM LAND. The mansion is elegantly situated, good Spring Water, and very healthy.

The other tract contains 257 ACRES and is unsurpassed by any Lands in Western N. Carolina.

In short the sale will be positive, and a reasonable credit. Further conditions made known on the day of Sale.

THOMAS C. GRAHAM.

Rowan Mills, Sept. 28, '60. tds43

WORTH & DANIEL,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
AND
Commission Merchants,

No. 2 GRANITE ROW, FRONT ST., WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF GROCERies, Provisions, Fruit, Liquors, Wines, Cigars, and Tobacco.

Solicit consignments of Flour, Dried Fruit, Feathers, Bees Wax, Tobacco, and Country Produce generally. Agents for Howe's celebrated Scales.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

For the past 7 years with Late of Asheboro', N. C. TC& B G Worth.

September 21, 1860. 42-1y.

Cochrane & Sample

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad Lock,

WOULD respectfully invite the public to call and examine their Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Orders solicited and promptly attended to. CALL and see us.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

September 21, '60 42

Tools! Tools! Tools!

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A GOOD supply of Tools, consisting of Circular, Mill, Cross-cut, Tenon, Hand, Ripper, Back and Compass Saws; Bench and Moulding Planes; Lathing, Shingling, and broad Hatchets; Hammers; bevel and steel

Squares; Drawing Knives;

Braces and Bits; Augers; Gimlets; Chissels; Brick and Plastering Trowels; Screw-Plates; Saw Sets; Spoke-Shaves; Files; Rasps; Pocket Rules; Guage-Rods; spirit and pocket Levels; Boring Machines, &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Charlotte, N. C.

Blacksmith's Tools,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A GOOD supply, consisting of Anvils; Bellows; Solid Box Vices; hand and sledge

Hammers; Stocks and Dies;

Tongs, Buttresses, Rasps, Files, and a good supply of Horse Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes, at low prices.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Agricultural Implements,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A LARGE supply of the above, consisting Thompson's celebrated Ploughs; also, CORN-SHELLERS; STRAW-CUTters; Shovels; Spades; Hay and manure Forks; best cast-steel Axes; Picks, Mattocks, Grubbing Hoes, Weeding Hoes, Trace Chains Wagon Chains, Garden Hoes, Rakes, Hedge Shears, Pruning and Budding Knives, &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Carriage Materials,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A LARGE Stock of the above, consisting of Springs, Axles, Oval Iron, Hubs, Bows Rims, Buggy Poles, Buggy Shafts, Spokes,

Patent and Enamelled Leather,

Enamelled Cloth, Oil Carpet, Carriage Bolts, Brass and Silver Bands, Silver Moulding Laces, Tassels, Turned Sticks, Saddle and Lining Nails, &c., &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

AT the Sign of the GOLDEN PAD-LOCK will be found at all times a large and well selected STOCK of GUNS, PISTOLS, POWDER-HORNS, Powder-Flasks, Powder, Shot, Lead: French and American Window-Glass: Putty; a large stock of English and American Iron; Cast Steel, German steel, Blister steel, Plough steel Spring steel; Nails of all kinds; Hemp and Manilla Rope:

Anchor Brand Bolting Cloths;

Mill Screws; Mill Picks; Spike Hammers, Stone Hammers, Double and Single Blocks; also, a large Stock of Cornices, Curtain Bands, Curtain Pins, Picture Cord and Tassels, &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

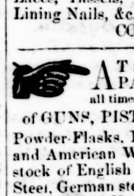
Superior Smut Machines,

at the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Charlotte, N. C.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.



ON the Western edge of Town and outside the corporation, therefore not subject to much tax. The lot contains 2 acres, half in cultivation, half in woods, with a small frame **Dwelling.** The property would suit a mechanic or other person desiring to live economically. For particulars, apply to J. H. KENNEDY or the

Sept 28, tf Editors of this Paper.

30,000 POUNDS SUPER PHOSphate of Lime, just received and for sale by

T. H. McRORIE.

August, 31, 1860. 39-tf.

A

NEW BOOK.

Drift-wood on the Sea of LIFE.

A collection of Tales, Sketches & Poems,

BY WILLIE WARE.

WILL be published in a few weeks. Any assistance you may be pleased to render, by sending your own name, or that of a friend, or friends, as subscribers to the Work, will be gratefully acknowledged. The Work will be mailed to subscribers as soon as published

Orders for single copies should be addressed to the author, accompanied with the cash; wholesale orders to the publishers. Address

WILLIE WARE,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Price of Book, $1. J. Challen & Son, publishers, Philadelphia, Penn. sep 21

STATESVILLE
MALE
ACADEMY.

C. M. & J. B. Andrews, *Principals.*

THE FIFTH Session of this Institution will commence on Wednesday the 1st day of August, 1860.

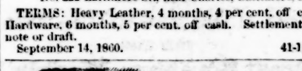
For particulars address the Principals, and see circular. july 20:33tf

THOMAS MACKENZIE, } *Established* { COSMO T. MACKENZIE,
GEO. M. MACKENZIE. } IN 1825. { COLIN B. MACKENZIE.

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,

Importers & Wholesale Dealers in

COACH TRIMMINGS



AND

SADDLERY HARDWARE,
TRUNK,
And Harness Trimmings,

No. 222 Baltimore St., near Charles, North Side,

BALTIMORE, Md.

OUR FRIENDS WILL FIND IN OUR STORE ONE OF the best, largest, newest and cheapest stocks of Carriage Trimmings, Harness Trimmings, and Saddlery Hardware, of any importing house in the United States. We are constantly getting up

"SOMETHING NEW,"

and replenishing our stock by frequent arrivals from Europe, to which market, one of our firm pays frequent visits on business for the house. In connection with our Saddlery Store is a Plating Establishment, which every day turns out some of the best Plated Silver and Brass Work in the country.

To cash buyers and prompt paying customers, we offer great inducements. We invite all classes of dealers visiting Baltimore to inspect our stock. A regular weekly line of steamers runs between Baltimore, Savannah and Charleston.

All customers and all orders coming to our store, are attended to by one of our firm in person, all of whom are practical business men.

We name the following as partial description of our stock:

Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, Blankets, Tufts, Hames, Stirrups, Tacks, Web, Rings, Buckles, Tools, Ornaments, Saddle Cloths, Buggy Umbrellas, Castings, Springs, Axles, Turned Collars, Bands, Laces, Patent Leather, Trunk locks Patent Canvass, Bent Fellocs, Shafts, Buggy Bars and Bows, Knobs, Axle Clips, Screws, Turned Bolts, Spring Boxes, Files, Hinges, Door Loads, Cloths, Damask Fringes, Alpacas, Cotalines, Carpet, Tassels, Glass Frames, Handles, Stump Joints, Hubs, Spokes, Varnish, Dash Frames, Monkey Wrenches, Props and Rivets, Shaft Sockets, Pole Yokes, Sun Silks, Plush, Turned Swingle Trees, 5th Wheels, Shoe Threads, Oil Carpets, Saddlers' Silk and Threads, Moss Deer's Hair, Glue, Curled Hair, English and French Heads and Reins, Horse Blankets, Kerseys, Sand Paper, Halter, Breeching, Tug and Trace Chains, Shaft Couplings, Buggy Sticks, Snaffles, Mullins and Curb Bits, Trunk Rivets, Clout Nails, Wrought and Malleable Pad Plates, Ivory Head Nails and Knobs, Smith's Case Hardened Axles, Wagon and Buggy Whips, Carved Carriage Parts and Seats. Four Qualities of Coach Varnish, Mackenzies' Pat. 5th Wheel, &c.

Also, Pope's Self Adjusting Pads, Spencer's Patent Gig Trees, Victoria Trees, Taylor and Deffzes' Patent Hames, North's Jenny Lind Trees, and Agents for Holley's Patent Iron Hubs and Axles combined: Smith's Fly Nets, &c. "Mackenzie's Patent Gig Trees," and all other new Patents out.

☞ Goods not in our line of any kind, will be purchased to fill orders for our customers for CASH with a charge of 5 per cent. commission.

N. B. Our Springs are all made of English Steel. Our Silver American HAMES are of our own make and plate.

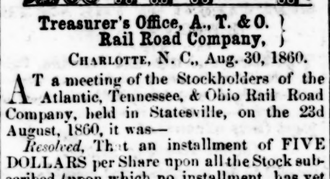
Hoping to hear from you shortly, we remain your friends,

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS.

No. 222 Baltimore-St., near Charles, Baltimore, Md.

TERMS: Heavy Leather, 4 months, 4 per cent. off cash. Hardware, 6 months, 5 per cent. off cash. Settlement by note or draft.

September 14, 1860. 41-1y.



Treasurer's Office, A., T. & O. Rail Road Company,

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 30, 1860.

AT a meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic, Tennessee, & Ohio Rail Road Company, held in Statesville, on the 23d August, 1860, it was—

Resolved, That an installment of FIVE DOLLARS per Share upon all the Stock subscribed (upon which no installment has yet been paid) be made due and payable on the 1st day of October next.

In accordance with the above Resolution I will attend at Statesville on Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th of October, for the purpose of collecting said installment.

M. L. WRISTON, *Treasurer.*

Sept. 7, 1860. 40:1m

HOUSE and LOT for SALE.

THE Subscriber has a valuable HOUSE and LOT in the town of Statesville, that he is anxious to sell, and will sell it low.

Jos. B. Douglass or Otho Gillespie will take pleasure in showing the property and closing the sale with any person that wishes to purchase. THOS. C. GRAHAM.

Rowan Mills, aug 10 36:tf

NOTICE.

THE Superintendants of Common Schools for Iredell County, are requested to meet on the first Saturday in October next, in Statesville, without fail.

M. CAMPBELL, Ch'n.

Aug. 31, 1860. 39:t.

KEROSENE LAMP OIL, A Superior article for sale by

mar 23 60:16 JAMISON, SIMONTON & Co

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

SELLING OFF!!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING DESIRous to close out their present Stock of Goods, propose to sell off their

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Boots, Shoes, Hats,
CAPS, HOSIERY, &c.,
AT COST FOR CASH.

Also, Hardware, Drugs, Paints and other heavy articles at greatly reduced prices. We wish to buy a large amount of

Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Tallow,

and give goods in exchange.

BELL, RICKERT & CO.

September 21, 1860. 42 5t.

NORTH CAROLINA, IREDELL COUNTY. } IN EQUITY.
SPRING TERM.

McNeely, Mock & Co., *against* J. H. McLaughlin and others.

IT having been made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court, that R. H. Cowan, one of the defendants, is not a resident of this State, and is a resident of another State; It is ordered that publication be made in the Iredell Express, for six weeks, notifying the said R. H. Cowan to appear at the next Term of our said Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Iredell, at the Court House in Statesville, on the 6th Monday, after the 4th Monday in August, then and there to answer or plead to said Bill; otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against him.

Witness, W. P. Caldwell, Clerk and Master in Equity, at office, this 6th Monday after 4th Monday in March, 1860.

W. P. CALDWELL, C. & M. E.

Aug. 31, 1860. 39:6t. pr. fee $4 50.

STOVES! STOVES!!

Cooking Stoves!!

THE subscriber has received a full and complete supply of **COOKIG STOVES,** which he will sell **unusually LOW for CASH.**

I would call attention also to my stock of LARGE STOVES, suitable for **Heating CHURCHES,** or other Large Rooms, also, to my Dining-Room and Parlor Stoves,

—ALSO—

a full and complete stock of

TIN & HOLLOW-WARE,

Lanterns, **Wooden-ware,** Brooms, Brushes, &c.

S. T. WRISTON.

CHARLOTTE, [aug 24] N. C.

38:3m

W. R. WILSON,

Watch Maker
AND
JEWELER.

HAVING procured MR. CHARLES HEEBNER, a **practical Watch-Maker,** from Philadelphia, Pa, to attend to a Branch of my BUSINESS in

STATESVILLE,

I am now ready to do every description of

WATCH, CLOCK, AND JEWELRY REPAIRING,

at short notice.

Every Style and Quality of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY for Sale at reasonable prices.

W. R. WILSON. [aug. 17] CHAS. HEEBNER.

FALL IMPORTATION. 1860.

RIBBONS,
MILLINERY & STRAW
GOODS,
ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Ribbons, Bonnet Silks AND SATINS, VELVETS, RUSHES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, STAW BONNETS, FLATS, &C.,

No. 237 and Lofts of 239, Baltimore St.,

Baltimore, Md.

Offer a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given. TERMS, 6 months, six per cent. off for cash, par funds.

Aug. 17, 1850. 37:3m.pd.

State of North Carolina,

IREDELL County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. August Term, 1860.

J. M. Lippard, Executor of William Lippard, dec' vs W. J. Lippard & others. } Petition for Settlement of Estate

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Caleb T. Seaford and Elizabeth Seaford, his wife, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State; It is therefore, ordered and decreed by the Court that publication be made in the Iredell Express, a newspaper published in the town of Statesville, for the space of six weeks, notifying the said defendants to be and appear before the Justices of our next Court to be held for the county of Iredell, at the Court-House in Statesville on the 3rd Monday in November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's petition in our said Court filed, or it will be heard exparte and the prayer of the petitioner will be granted.

Witness M. F. Freeland, Clerk of our said Court at office in Statesville, the 3d Monday in August, A. D. 1860.

42:6w prfee $6 M. F. FREELAND, Clk.

CUSHINGS & BAILEY,
Wholesale Booksellers and Stationers,
No. 262 Baltimore St., Opposite Hanover,
BALTIMORE,

Are prepared to offer the Country Trade, Goods in their line, at prices that will compare favorably with those of any other market.

Their Stock of SCHOOL, LAW, MEDICAL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS is large and well selected.

A large and varied assortment of Foreign and American Stationery can always be found at their establishment.

They keep constantly on hand a full supply of BLANK BOOKS of different styles and of their own manufacture. Having a Bindery connected with their Store they are, at all times, able, at short notice, to fill orders for Blank Books, ruled to any pattern, or of any desired style of Binding.

Orders received by mail, will meet with prompt attention.

☞ You are requested to call and examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Aug. 17, 1860. 37:3m.pd.

TIME TABLE.

WESTERN N. CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

MAIL TRAIN—WEST.

Stations.	Whole Dist	Dis of Sta's	Arrive, a m	Leave.
Salisbury,				7.00
Water Station,	6	6	7.18	7.28
Third Creek,	13	7	7.50	7.55
Waddell's T. O.	18	5	8.10	8.15
Statesville,	25	7	8.36	8.45
Plott's T. O.	33	8	9.10	9.15
Catawba,	36	5	9.30	9.35
Newton,	50	12	10 10	10.15
White Sulphur,	54	4	10.30	10.35
Hickory Tavern,	60	6	10.55	11.05
Icard's,	68	8	11.30	
Morganton,				

MAIL TRAIN—EAST.

Morganton,				
Icard's,				11.45
Hickory Tavern,	8	8	12.05	12.10
White Sulphur,	6	14	12.30	12.35
Newton,	5	19	12.45	12.55
Catawba River,	11	30	1.30	1.35
Plott's T. O.	5	35	1.50	1.55
Statesville,	8	43	2.20	2.30
Waddell's T. O.	7	50	2.50	2.55
Third Creek,	6	55	3.10	3.15
Water Station,	7	62	3.40	3.45
Salisbury,	6	68	4.00	

North Carolina Rail-Road.

Mail Train, South, arrives 4.13 p. m., North, 6.45 a. m. Express Train, South, arrives 9.36 p. m., North, 12.30 a. m.

Salisbury, Office W. N. C. R. R. Aug 1,60.

New Materials!
EVERY DESCRIPTION PRINTING!

WE have received, from New York and Philadelphia, ex steamer Parkersburg, a number of founts of

ORNAMENTAL TYPE;

Cuts; Borders; Rules; and other materials;

—ALSO—

a general assortment of **Business** and

FANCY CARDS;

Flat-cap, Letter and Note Paper, of various colors; **Colored Paper for Posters** and Hand-Bills; Inks of all colors, &c. The **EXPRESS OFFICE** is well prepared to execute any description of **Plain** AND

ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING

in the best style of the ART.

Terms, [Aug. 10, 1860.] **Moderate.**

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

F. SCARR,
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

RESPECTFULLY INVITES attention to his large Stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, &c.,

selected with care, and without regard to price;—Purity and Quality being the main object.

An experience of upwards of Twenty years in the Drug Business in large cities, fully warrants him in asking the confidence of the *Profession and the Public.*

PHYSICIANS wishing reliable

DRUGS and CHEMICALS

can purchase with advantage.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied with

Oils, Essences, etc.,

as low as any house in North Carolina.

Patent Medicines direct from the Proprietors or Agents.

Linseed Oil, Sperm Oil, Winter Lard Oil, Tanners Oil, Best Train Oil, Sweet Oil, Castor Oil, &c.,

LOW FOR CASH.

LANDRETH'S New Crop Turnip Seed.

AMBROTYPE STOCK & CHEMICALS.

The largest Stock of HAIR and TOOTH Brushes in the State.

Green, Yellow and other Paints.

WHITE LEAD from 8 to 10 cents.

PLAIN & COLORED GLASS.

KEROSENE & LAMPS.

FLUID, CAMPHENE, TURPENTINE.

Licorice Paste, Essence of Peach, Oils of Aniseed & Cinnamon.

August 10, 1860, 36:1y

LARGE SHOW BILLS.

The Express Job-Office,

Is prepared with an assortment of

LARGE TYPE

for printing

Hand Bills

for

MERCHANTS

and

EXHIBITIONS,

in the best style

UPON COLORED AND WHITE PAPER.

☞ *BILLS will be printed from 2 feet to 10 feet square if they are wanted.*

GROVER & BAKER'S NOISELESS SEWING MACHINE, FOR PLANTERS' USE.

The very great success of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine throughout the Southern States has been peculiarly gratifying to the manufacturers, who are led to believe that their endeavors to make a RELIABLE machine have been appreciated. The policy of the Company will be unchanged, and, as heretofore, each machine will be warranted in every respect to be as represented. That we manufacture and sell the best adapted to all the wants of the people of the South, can be attested by thousands of Families and Planters who have them in daily use; and, feeling the importance of meeting every want of the Southern people, we have just introduced

AN ENTIRELY NEW MACHINE,

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR PLANTERS' *USE;*

a machine that will sew the finest fabrics for the inmates of the household, and the coarsest goods for the negroes of the field. It is so simple in construction, that a servant of ordinary capacity can readily learn to work it, and keep it in order. In ordinary wear, the machine can not get out of repair, and should last many years—being constructed with especial care as to durability. We feel every confidence of it giving the most complete satisfaction. That our machines will do better sewing than can be done by hand, is evidenced by numerous testimonials, and from many we select and invite attention to a few, as showing

What Southern People Say:

"MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS, presents her compliments to Grover & Baker, and takes pleasure in saying that she has used one of their machines for two years, and finds it still in good order, makes a beautiful stitch, and does easily work of any kind."—*Washington, D. C.*

"I have used one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for more than three years, and do not hesitate to say that it has given entire satisfaction. I cheerfully recommend them to all who wish to have their sewing well and quickly done."—*Mrs. Robert Widdicombe, Washington.*

"I take pleasure in saying, that the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained my expectation. After trying and returning others, I have three of them in operation in my different plantations, and, after four years' trial, have no fault to find."—*J. H. Alexander, Senator of South Carolina.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*I. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"I take pleasure in saying that the Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine has fully sustained my expectations, and, after a trial of more than a year, I am so well pleased with it that I take pleasure in recommending it to my friends."—*Mrs. W. H. Rittenhouse, Georgetown, D. C.*

"I am very much pleased with my sewing machine; if I could not get another, I would not take ten times what it cost me. It more than realizes my most sanguine expectations."—*C. R. Nash, Camden, N. C.*

"The Grover & Baker Machine has fully equaled my expectations. A very important characteristic of the machine is, it is so very simple that any negro of common understanding can manage it. Mine has been used exclusively by a negro servant about six months, and has never been out of order."—*Rev. J. L. Moultrie, Union Springs, Ala.*

"I take pleasure in recommending Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machine. We have used one more than six months, and it is all that it is represented to be. It is not only a convenience, but we regard it an indispensable necessity."—*Hon. J. P. Dowdell, La Fayette, Ala.*

"I confess myself delighted with your sewing machine, which has been in my family for many months. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and is easily adapted to every variety of family sewing by simply changing the spools of thread."—*Mrs. Lodelia B. Thompson, Louisville, Ky.*

"I think your machine by far the best in use. It can be adapted from the finest fabrics to the heaviest cassimere, and sews stronger, faster, and more beautifully than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. E. Hardin, Louisville, Ky.*

"Installation and other circumstances having brought under my examination several prominent sewing machines, and led to an acquaintance with their merits, should my opinion be deemed of any value, I would not hesitate to accord the preference to Grover & Baker's."—*Rev. J. B. Clemson, Claymont, Del.*

"Having used one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines for twelve months, I do not hesitate to express my entire satisfaction with it. It has never been out of order, and its place could not be supplied. I recommend it as combining more advantages than any other."—*Mrs. Chesley, wife of Rev. Dr. Chesley, Prince George County, Md.*

"I take pleasure in recommending Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine to the public. It has given every satisfaction in my family, and I consider it one of the most reliable machines in use—not only for its strength and simplicity, and not being liable to get out of order. I would advise any person to purchase one of them in preference to all others I have seen."—*Simon Stone, Norfolk, Va.*

"I think it by far the best patent in use. This machine can be adapted from the finest cambric to the heaviest cassimere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautiful than one can imagine. If mine could not

The Fall of Table Rock.

George Wilkes writes this week from Niagara to his Spirit:

I said I had something to do with the falling of Table Rock, that broad shell on the Canada side, which in 1850 jutted over the very cauldron of the seething waters, but which tumbled into it on a certain day in the month of June of that, by me, well remembered year. About noon on that day, I accompanied a lady from the Clifton House to the Falls. Arriving at Table Rock, we left our carriage, and as we approached the projecting platform I pointed out to my companion a vast crack or fissure which traversed the entire base of the rock, remarking that it looked wider than it had ever before appeared to me. The lady almost shuddered as she looked at it, and shrinking back declared she did not care about going to the edge. 'Ah,' said I; taking her hand, 'you might as well come on, now that you are here. I hardly think the rock will take a notion to fall merely because we are on it.'

The platform jutted from the mainland some 60 feet, but to give the visitor a still more fearful projection over the raging waters, a wooden bridge, or staging, had been thrust beyond the extreme edge for some ten feet. This terminated in a small box for visitors to stand in, and was kept in its position and enabled to bear weight by a ponderous load of stones heaped upon its inner-end. The day was very bright and hot, and it being almost lunch time at the hotels, but few visitors were out, so we occupied the dizzy porch alone. We gazed fearfully out upon the awful waters, we stretched our heads timidly over the frightful depth below, and we felt our natures quelled in every fibre by the deafening roar that seemed to saturate us, as it were, with an indefinable dread.

'This is a terrible place!' said I.—'Look under there, and see on what a mere shell we stand! For years and years the teeth of the torrent, in that jetting, angry stream have been gnawing out that hollow, and some day this plane must fall.' My companion shuddered, and drew herself together in alarm. Our eyes swept the roaring circle of the waters once again; we gazed about in fearful fascination, when suddenly turning our looks upon each other, each recognized a corresponding fear. 'I do not like this place!' exclaimed I quickly. 'The whole base of this rock is probably disintegrated, and perhaps sits poised in a succession of steps or notches, ready to fall out and topple down at any unusual pertubation. That fissure there seems to me to be more than usually wide today! I think we had better leave, for I do not fancy such a finish; and besides, my paper *must* be published next week.'

With these very words—the latter uttered half jocosely, though not without alarm, I seized my companion's hand, and, in absolute panic, we fled as fast as our feet could carry us, toward what might be called the shore. We burst into a laugh when we regained the land, and jumping into our carriage, felt actually, as if we had made a fortunate escape. We rolled back toward the Clifton, but before we had proceeded two minutes on our way, a thundering report, like the explosion of an earthquake, burst upon us, and, with a long roar, the ground trembled beneath our wheels. We turned to find that Table Rock had fallen. We were the last upon it, and it was, doubtless, the unusual perturbation caused by our flying footsteps that disturbed the exactitude of its equilibrium, and thrilled it from its final poise. In a minute more the road was filled with hurrying people; and during the following half hour, we were told a hundred times in advance of the next morning journals; that a lady and gentleman who were on the Table Rock, had gone down the falls. We are told that the trot of a dog would shake old London Bridge from end to end, when it would not be disturbed by the rolling of heavily loaded wains.—Table Rock had probably not been run upon in the way I have described for years—perhaps never; and, therefore, whenever I hear it spoken of, I always shudder and feel as if I had had something to do with its fall.

Anecdote of Jackson.

Mr. Douglas, as our readers are aware, stated, a few days ago, in Virginia, that, if necessary, he would treat the Disunionists just as President Jackson proposed to treat the South Carolina nullifiers. The editor of the Washington States, refering to this remark of Douglas, says: "During nullification in South Carolina, after General Jackson's proclamation, the Governor of Virginia sent a request to the president, in case it became necessary to send United States troops down South, not to send them through that State. If he did, they would have to pass over the Govenor's dead body. The President received the message and replied: 'If it becomes necessary for the United States troops to go to South Carolina, I as commander in-chief of the army, will be at their head; I will march them by the shortest route; they may pass through Virginia; but, by the Eternal, if the Govenor makes it necessary to pass over his dead body, it will be found that I will have previously taken off both his ears.'"

Worth Knowing.

The great difficulty of getting horses from a stable where surrounding buildings are in a state of conflagration, says the "Spirit of the South," is well known, and that in consequence of such difficulty, arising from the animal's dread of stiring from the scene of destruction, many animals have perished in the flames. A gentleman whose horses were in great peril from such a cause, having in vain tried to save them, hit upon the experiment of having them harnessed, as though they were going to their usual work, when, to his astonishment they were led from the stable without difficulty.

NATIONAL FLAG!

Wm. M. Barker

WOULD inform the readers of the EXPRESS, that he is extensively engaged in the manufacture of

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES

of the very best style.

He has lately visited a number of the Northern Manufactories, and acquainted himself with all the late improvements in his line; and made arrangements by which he can supply those prefering it, with

Northern Work,

at much lower rates than it could be done by ordering, themselves. He is determined his work shall not be surpassed, and earnestly solicits a Call, at the Sign of the National Flag, **Salisbury, N. C.**

July 27, '60:3m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RETURNED from market, and is now receiving and opening a complete and full assortment of

GROCERIES,

consisting of COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES SYRUPS, TEA, PEPPER, SPICE, &c., with every other article usually kept in similar establishments, all of which will be sold as usual at exceedingly low prices His stock of

DRY GOODS

is far superior to any, as those who have favored him with their patronage can testify. The stock of

HATS & CAPS,
and
BOOTS & SHOES

cannot be equaled, either in style or manufacture, having had the most of them made to his order. The stock of

SOLE LEATHER
and
SADDLES

is full and complete and will be sold at unusually low rates, and which will only be

DISTRIBUTED

at this establishment exclusively for CASH.

FOR NOTHING

has a more desired effect than a cash system. Therefore a call is earnestly solicited, before purchasing elsewhere

AT FRANKFORD'S,
Salisbury, N. C.

June 8, 1860. 27:tf

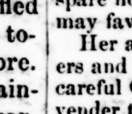
5,000 BUSHELS WHEAT WANTED.

WANTED,
AT THE ROWAN MILLS,
5,000 *Bushels Good Wheat,*
For which **Salisbury Cash Prices** will be paid. Call and see me before you sell.

O. G. FOARD.
Nov. 18, 1859. 49-tf

M'LEAN HOUSE,

STATESVILLE, N. C.

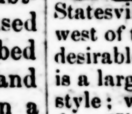


THE Undersigned would announce to the public, that she will continue to keep open the above house for the accommodation of the travelling community, and will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor her with their patronage.

Her accommodations are ample for Boarders and Travelers; with good Stables and careful Ostlers for horses, and the best provender to feed on. Her Table will be supplied with the best the country affords.—Charges moderate.

MARTHA McLEAN.
July 6, '60:tf 31

VALUABLE DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT, IN STATESVILLE, FOR SALE.



THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS his **DWELLING HOUSE and LOT,** in the town of Statesville. They are located near to and west of the Female College, and is the most desirable property in the place. The House is a large two story, new, built in the modern style; with Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables, &c. The Lot contains Two Acres, fronts on three streets, and is well enclosed.

Terms will be made easy.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber or the Editor of the Iredell Express.

W. S. TATE.
March 16, 1860.-tf.

TO THE CITIZENS OF STATESVILLE AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

WE take pleasure in stating that we have just received a New and Complete Stock of GOODS of every variety; such as

GROCERIES, DRUGS,
HARDWARE,
Hemlock Leather, Boots, Shoes, Shoe Findings, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Notions, Dry-Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c.,

of every Variety and Style to suit the custom of the Country.

We are determined to sell as LOW as the LOWEST, as we paid Cash for our Goods.—Also a liberal reduction to Cash dealers.

All kinds of **Country Produce** taken in exchange for Goods at Cash prices.

WATTS, WHITE & CO.
Statesville, dec 23, 59 3-tf

10,000 BUSHELS GOOD WHITE WHEAT, for which the highest Cash price will be paid.
10,000 Bushels of Corn.
Apply to J. F. ALEXANDER & CO.

NORTH CAROLINA, IREDELL COUNTY. } IN EQUITY.

W. T. Dobson, D L McHarge and wife Margaret E., Hiram Dobson and Polly Ann Dobson

against

Hiram Dobson, Senior, Foster and wife Sarah Ann E., Sanders and wife Esther J., the heirs of William Dobson.
And James H Dobson and Rany Dobson, the heirs of Thomas Dobson.
And Benjamin Dobson and Margaret Dobson,
Petition for Partition.

IT having been made to appear to my satisfaction that Hiram Dobson and those persons above described as the heirs of William Dobson and Thomas Dobson are not residents of this State and are residents of another State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made, for the space of six months, in the Iredell Express, notifying them, that they appear at the next Term of our said Court of Equity to be held for the county of Iredell, at the Court House in Statesville, on the 6th Monday after the 4th Monday in August next, to answer, plead or demur to the said Petition, otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against them.

Witness, W. P. Caldwell, Clerk and Master in Equity at office in Statesville, this 25th day of August, 1860.

W. P. CALDWELL, C. & M. E.
Aug. 31, 1860. 39:6t. pr. fee $6.

PROF. L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR,

An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases,* causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosened and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair.*

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue,* giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair,* which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists' and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of his Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair,* as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER, being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St. and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American public my

New and Instantaneous LIQUID HAIR-DYE

which, after years of experimenting, I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.
DEPOT, 56 DEY STREET, NEW YORK.
August 24, 1860. 38-1y.

THRESHING MACHINE.

A TWO-HORSE Thresher, (Alamance make) with cast-steel journals and composition boxes, now at the depot and for sale by E. B. DRAKE & SON.

WANTED.

I WISH to purchase
10,000 lbs Dried Fruit, *well cured:*
10,000 lb *Linen and Cotton Rags, washed;*
10,000 lb *BEESWAX.*

Also, CORN, WHEAT and Country Produce generally. The *highest market prices* paid in Barter or Discount.

Aug. 3. 35tf T. H. McRORIE.

Simonton Tannery.

I HAVE NOW READY FOR FALL and WINTER trade **3000 lbs Sole Leather,** some of which has been in tan 3½ years and suitable for water-proof Boots and Shoes; also, a large lot of **Harness & Upper Leather, Kip & Calf Skins,** which I will sell on reasonable terms for Cash or barter for Hides and Bark.

I wish to purchase 20,000 lb good Hides, for which I will pay the very highest Cash price.

If you wish to buy Leather or Lime, or sell Hides or Bark, Call at the Rail Road Office or at any of the Stores in Statesville.

R. F. SIMONTON.
January 1, 1859. 1y

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR,

NEVER DEBILITATES.

IT is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all the diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured thousands who had given up all hopes within the last two years of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and used in such quantities as to act gently on the Bowels.

Let the dictates of your judgment guide you in the use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR, and it will cure **Liver Complaints, Bilious Attacks, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhoea, Summer Complaints, Dysentery, Dropsy, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Cholic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weaknesses,** and may be used successfully as an **Ordinary Family Medicine.** It will cure **SICK HEADACHE,** (as thousands can testify,) in **twenty minutes, if two or three Teaspoonfuls are taken** at commencement of attack.

All who use it are giving their testimony in its favor.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

—ALSO.—

SANFORD'S FAMILY CATHARTIC PILLS,

COMPOUNDED FROM

Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in GLASS CASES, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate.

The **Family Cathartic PILL** is a gentle but active Cathartic which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years.

The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the **PILLS** and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all.

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The **FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL** has, with due reference to this well established fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are **good and safe** in all cases where a Cathartic is needed, such as **Derangements of the Stomach, Sleepiness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the whole body,** from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, end in a long course of Fever, **Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Cold over the body, Restlessness, Headache, or weight in the head,** all **Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism,** a great **Purifier of the Blood** and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. **Dose, 1 to 3.**

PRICE 30 CENTS.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.

DUNLAP & PHIFER.
Statesville, July 1, 1859. 11

For Sale.

MY FARM of **305 ACRES,** one half timbered, 4 miles North of Statesville and 2 miles S. W. of Bethany church on Rockford Road. It is adapted to the growth of Wheat, Tobacco, &c. There is on it a

Dwelling House,

negro houses, tobacco barns, &c.,—is level, well watered and very healthy. For terms apply on the premisees.

July 20:33:tf R. H. HILL.

OIL! OIL!! OIL!!

THE Subscriber manufactures and has

LINSEED OIL

of the first Quality for sale. He will also pay the highest market price, in Cash, for **Flaxseed.**

Address me at Newton, N. C.

MOSES RAYMER,
25:1y 6 miles north of Newton.

WANTED.

500 lbs. *Seneka Root, Dry.*
500 *lbs. Ginseng Root, Dry.*

THE highest cash price will be paid for them by W. H. WYATT, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Salisbury, N. C.

sept 30. 43-tf

Wheat & Flour Wanted.

WE wish to buy **5000 Bushels of good WHEAT,** for which we will pay the highest price in Cash and furnish Bags.

Also, **5000 Sacks of Prime Flour** for which CASH will be paid.

JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.
January 13 '60 6:tf

50,000 Copies already Sold.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER AND COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS,

BY FRANK CROSBY,
OF THE PHILADELPHIA BAR.

It Tells You How to draw up Partnership Papers and gives general forms for Agreements of all kinds, Bills of Sale, Leases and Petitions.

It Tells You How to draw up Bonds and Mortgages, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, Notes and Bills of Exchange, Receipts and Releases.

It Tells You The Laws for the collection of Debts, with the Statutes of Limitation, and amount and kind of property Exempt from Execution in every State.

It tells You How to make an Assignment properly, with forms for Composition with Creditors, and the Insolvent Laws of every State.

It Tells You The legal relations existing between Guardian and Ward, Master and Apprentice, and Landlord and Tenant.

It Tells You What constitutes Libel and Slander, and the Law as to Marriage Dower, the Wife's Right in Property, Divorce and Alimony.

It Tells You The Law for Mechanics' Lines in every State, and the Naturalization Laws of this country, and how to comply with the same.

It Tells You The Law concerning Pensions, and how to obtain one, and the Pre-Emption Laws to Public Lands.

It Tells You The Law for Patents, with mode of procedure in obtaining one, with Interferences, Assignments and Table of Fees.

It Tells You How to make your Will, and how to Administer on an Estate, with the law and requirements thereof in every State.

It Tells You The meaning of Law Terms in general use, and explains to you the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Powers of both the General and State Governments.

It Tells You How to keep out of Law, by showing how to do your business legally, thus saving a vast amount of property, and vexatious litigation, by its timely consultation.

Single copies will be sent by mail, postage paid, to Every Farmer, Every Mechanic, Every Man of Business, and Everybody in Every State, on receipt of $1.00, or in law style of binding at $1 25.

$1,000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher.
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
June 22, 1860. 29:6m.

What Everybody Wants.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR:

CONTAINING
SIMPLE REMEDIES, EASILY OBTAINED, FOR THE CURE OF DISEASE IN ALL FORMS.
BY
PROFESSOR HENRY S. TAYLOR, M. D.

It Tells You How to attend upon the sick, and how to cook for them; how to prepare Drinks, Poultices, &c., and how to guard against infection from Contagious Diseases.

It Tells You Of the various diseases of Children and gives the best and simplest mode of treatment during Teething, Convulsions, Vaccination, Whooping-cough, Measles, &c.

It Tells You The symptoms of Croup, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Diarrhoea, Worms, Scalled Head, Ringworm, Chicken-pox, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Fever and Ague, and Bilious, Yellow, Typhus, Scarlet and other Fevers, and gives you the best and simplest remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Influenza, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Dropsy, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Erysipelas, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Cholera Morbus, Malignant Cholera, Small-pox, Dysentery, Cramp, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys and Liver, and the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Pleurisy, Mumps, Neuralgia, Apoplexy, Paralysis, the various Diseases of the Throat, Teeth, Ear and Eye, and the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Epilepsy, Jaundice, Piles, Rupture, Diseases of the Heart, Hemorrhage, Venereal Diseases, and Hydrophobia, and gives the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The best and simplest treatment for Wounds, Broken Bones and Dislocations, Sprains, Lockjaw, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Ulcers, Whitlows, Boils, Scurvy, Burns and Scrofula.

It Tells You Of the various diseases peculiar to Women, and gives the best and simplest remedies for their cure, together with many valuable hints for the preservation of the health.

The work is written in plain language, free from medical terms, so as to be easily understood, while its simple recipes may soon save you many times the cost of the book. It is printed in a clear and open type; is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to your address, neatly bound and postage paid, on receipt of $1 00.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

John E. Potter, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.
June 22 '60:6m

1860.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

Great Southern Weekly!

THE
BEST TALENT OF THE SOUTH
IS WRITING FOR IT.

The Southern Field and Fireside, Published every Saturday, at Augusta, Ga.,—acknowledged to be *"the best Family Paper in the South,"*—contains, in each issue, eight pages (forty columns) of

Choice Reading Matter,

devoted to the instruction and amusement of the friends of Southern

LITERATURE, AGRICULTURE and ART.

☞Subscribers are presented, semi-annually, with an INDEX, or Table of Contents.

TERMS—TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Address JAMESGARDNER, Augusta, Ga

JUST RECEIVED!

50 Sacks Salt,
Fresh Clover Seed and
Orchard Grass Seed
at JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.
Feb 17 60 11:tf

HIDE, OIL, AND LEATHER STORE.

D. **KIRKPATRICK & SONS,**
No. 31, S. Third street,
Between Market and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
HAVE FOR SALE

DRY & SALTED SPANISH HIDES,

Dry and Green Salted Patna Kips, Tanner's Oil, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools *At the Lowest Prices, and upon the best terms.*

☞ All kinds of Leather in the rough wanted, for which the highest market price will be given in cash, or taken in exchange for hides. Leather stored free of charge and sold on commission. 18-1y

---

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA and SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS and ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS and SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA and INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaints, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for $1.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them.—The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

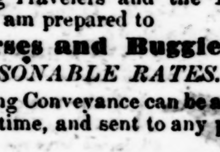
Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

S. J. Rickert, Statesville.

King, Hege & Co., Lexington; D. B. Gaither, Newton. At wholesale by Haivland, Stevenson & Co., Charleston; H. McLinn, Wilmington; M. A. & C. A. Santos, Norfolk; Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond. Feb 24, 1860:1y.

LIVERY STABLE.



Statesville, N. C.

HAVING bought the interest of M. A. Bringle, in the extensive Stables connected with the Simonton House, I take pleasure in informing Travelers and the Public generally, that I am prepared to

Hire Horses and Buggies,
AT REASONABLE RATES.

Persons wanting Conveyance can be accommodated at any time, and sent to any part of the country.

I pride myself on keeping gentle and fast horses. My Provender is of the best quality, and the quantity left to the appetite of the animal.

All is under the management of the Proprietor, and no fear need be entertained.

Feb 10:10 J. R. DAVIDSON.

SIMONTON HOUSE.

Statesville, N. C.
A. D. MOORE, PROPRIETOR.

THE Undersigned having taken a lease of the above popular Establishment, informs the public, that his best exertions shall be used to furnish the Travelling and resident community with the best and most satisfactory accommodations, equal with the best hotels in the country, and for moderate charges. The

TABLE

will, at all times, be spread with the best the country affords, and every attention devoted for the comfort of Guests.

A liberal share of public patronage is very respectfully solicited.

A. D. MOORE,
Statesville, Feb 17 60 Proprietor.

Negroes Wanted!

THE Subscriber wishes to buy **15** or **20** likely

YOUNG NEGROES,

for which he will pay the highest *cash price.* Persons desirous of selling will please address me either at Statesville or Liberty Hill, Iredell county.

31:tf R. M. JOHNSON.

Look to Your Interest!

Encourage Us—and We will do Our Best to Please, and Warrant All Our WORK.

ROOFING & GUTTERING

in the best Style, and Cheaper than the Cheapest—Lower than the Lowest.

Wholesale and Retail.

LECKIE & SON,

HAVE and will keep on hand all kinds of

TIN AND **SHEET IRON WARES,**

and will make to order and endeavor to supply every demand in their line of business, low down for Cash or to punctual customers.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for work. Old Copper and Pewter wanted.

January, 27, 1860

THE
Iredell Express
JOB OFFICE
Is the place to get all kinds of Printing done neatly, cheaply, AND JUST WHEN YOU WANT IT.
BLANKS
Of every description kept alway s on hand, or printed to order.

C. M. & G. LINES,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

HEAVY DOUBLE-SOLED BROGANS,
SINGLE-SOLED BROGANS, GENTS' KIP
BROGANS,
AND
OXFORD TIES,
AT WHOLESALE,
Thomasville,............N. C.

Particular attention paid to Double-Soled Brogans, for negro wear, which are warranted to do good service at a

Low Price.

The patronage of the Southern people is respectfully solicited to this Home Establishment, with the assurance that every article sold by us, shall be of a good quality, and at

A Moderate Price.

march 16'60 15:1y

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE AND British Reviews.

L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz:

1. **The London Quarterly** (Conservative.)
2. **The Edinburgh Review** (Whig.)
3. **The North British Review** (Free Church.)
4. **The Westminster Review** (Liberal.)
5. **Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine** (Tory.)

These periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory, and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As Organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality, and Religion, they stand, as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.

The receipt of ADVANCE SHEETS from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00
For Blackwood and one Review,	5 00
For Blackwood and two Reviews,	7 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 00

Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to CLUBS ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30; and so on.

Postage.

In all the principal Cities and Towns these works will be delivered FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but 24 Cents a year for "Blackwood," and but 14 Cents a year for each of the Reviews.

N.B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is $31 per annum.

THE FARMER'S GUIDE TO *Scientific and Practical Agriculture.*

By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S., of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

This is, confessedly, the most complete work on Agriculture ever published, and in order to give it a wider circulation the publishers have resolved to reduce the price to

Five Dollars for the Two Volumes!!

When sent by mail (post-paid) to California and Oregon the price will be $7. To every other part of the Union, and to Canada (post-paid), $6. ☞ *This work is NOT the old "Book of the Farm."*

Remittances for any of the above publications should always be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.
Dec. 2 '59 No. 54 Gold street, N. Y

PHYSICIANS

Will find a select Stock of
Pure Chemicals,
EXTRACTS,
PHARMACEUTICAL
Preparations,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
&c., &c.,

Great care is exercised in the preparation of SYRUPS, TINCTURES, FLUID EXTRACTS, and OINTMENTS, all being made strictly in accordance with the U. S. PHARMACOPÆIA, and conformably with recent improvements in PHARMACY,

AT
HENDERSON & ENNIS'S
DRUG STORE,
SALISBURY, N. C.

7-1y

T. H. McRorie,

STATESVILLE, N. C.,

Sole Agent for the sale of W. WHITELOCK & CO'S

SUPER-PHOSPATE OF LIME.

This Fertilizer is admirably adapted to the culture of Wheat, Corn, Cotton, Tobacco and vegetable productions of this country, and improves the land for future cultivation.

Orders Solicited.

29'60tf

LIME! LIME!

I HAVE at my Tan-Yard a quantity of **Superior Lime** for sale by the barrel or bushel. R. F. SIMONTON.

CALENDAR FOR 1860.

Sunday.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Friday.	Satur.	Sunday.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Friday.	Satur.
January.							**July.**						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				
February.							**August.**						
			1	2	3	4				1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	12	13	14	15	16	16	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	19	20	21	22	23	14	25
26	27	28	29				26	27	28	29	30	31	
March.							**Septem.**						
				1	2	3							1
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
							30						
April.							**October**						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	5	6
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	21	22	23	24	25	26	57
29	30						28	29	30	31			
May.							**Novem.**						
		1	2	3	4	5					1	2	3
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
27	28	29	30	31			25	26	27	28	29	30	
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17	18	19	20	21	22	23	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
							30	31					

S T. WRISTON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT wholesale and retail, a full and complete assortment of

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which will be sold low. Merchants and others from the country will do well to give him a call before they buy elsewhere.

I have, also,

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Together with STONE & CO.'S SCREW TOP GLASS
PRESERVING JARS,

for the safe-keeping of fruits and vegetables. I also keep a full supply of

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Charlotte, N. C., June 17, 1859-6m

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, *Philadelphia.* A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in case of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge.*—It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), *Free of Charge,* on receipt of *Two Stamps* for postage. Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of Sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By Order of the Directors,
EZRA D. HEARTWELL,
President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD,
Secretary. 45

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Salisbury, N. C.

THE Subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken this long-established and well-known Hotel, and has made every possible preparation to accommodate the business, traveling and visiting portions of the public, in the most satisfactory manner.

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TABLE,

and every comfort is provided in

HIS ROOMS.

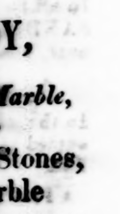
His **Stables** are abundantly supplied, and attended by a careful Ostler; and to all departments the proprietor gives his personal attention.

A comfortable **Omnibus** runs regularly to the Depot on the arrival of the cars.

With these efforts to please, a liberal share of the public patronage is confidently solicited. WM ROWZEE.

May 29, 1858. 6

Charlotte and Lincolnton



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Shop at Charlotte, N. E. corner of the Depot Square. Lincolnton at the Public Square.

Orders at either Yard respectfully solicited and will meet with prompt attention.

August 26 '59 28:tf